

A Preliminary Study of Ground Water Level Change due to Earthquake using Time-Frequency Analysis

Yetmen Wang

AnCAD, Inc.

2007/9/26

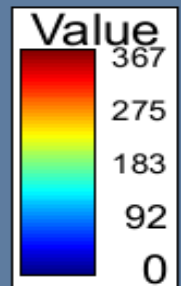
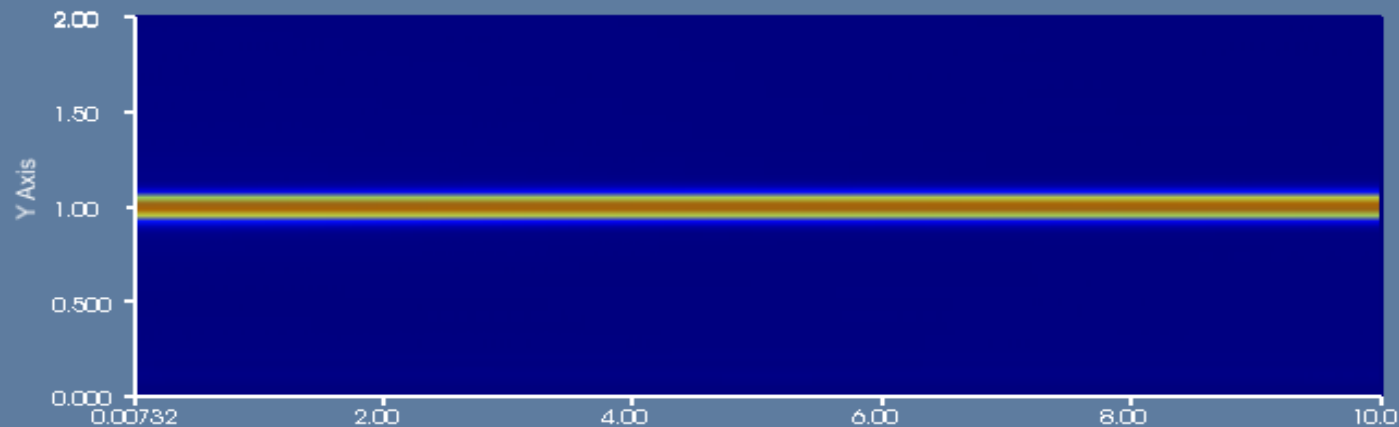
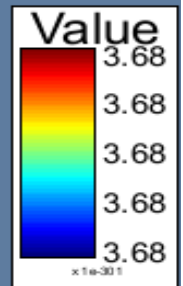
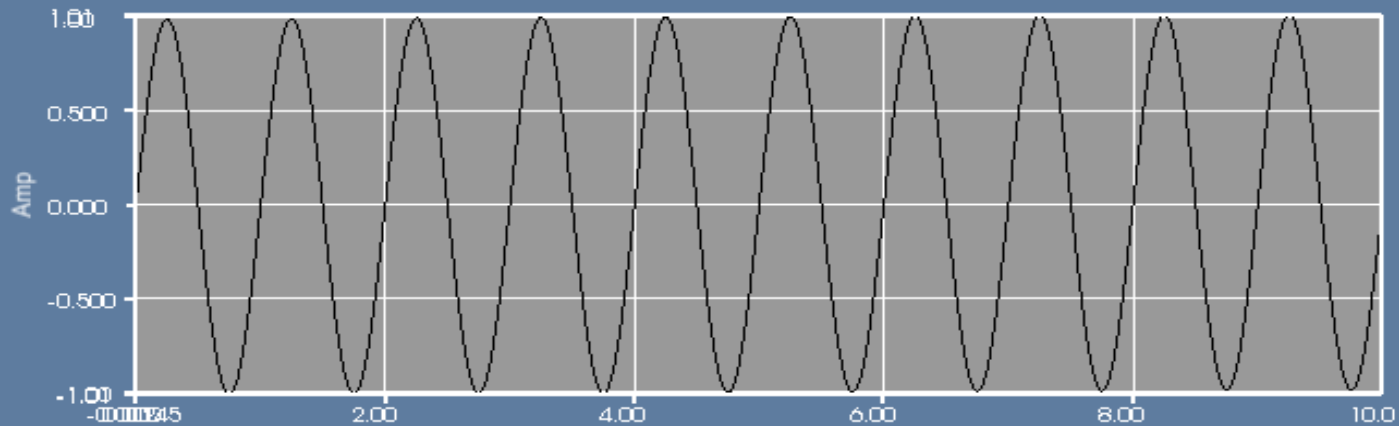
Contents

- Time-Frequency Analysis
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- Diurnal/Semi-Diurnal Tide
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What is Time-Frequency Analysis?

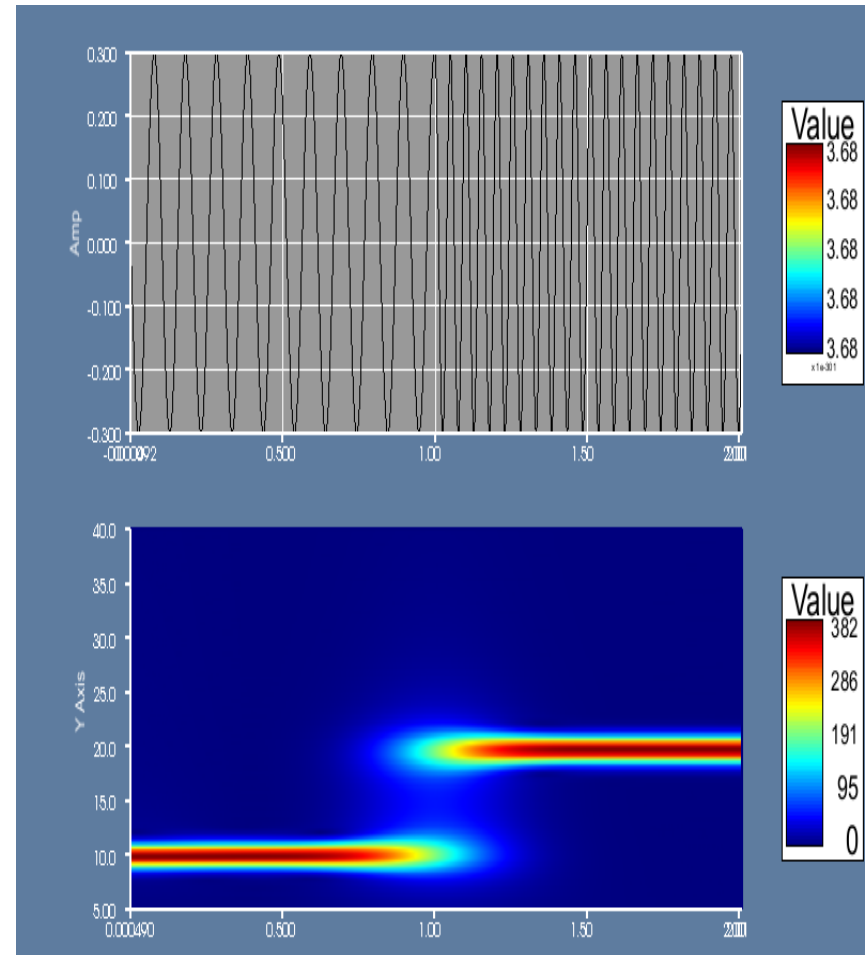
TF Plot: Single frequency



TF Plot: Change of frequency

- Signal with abrupt change of frequency.

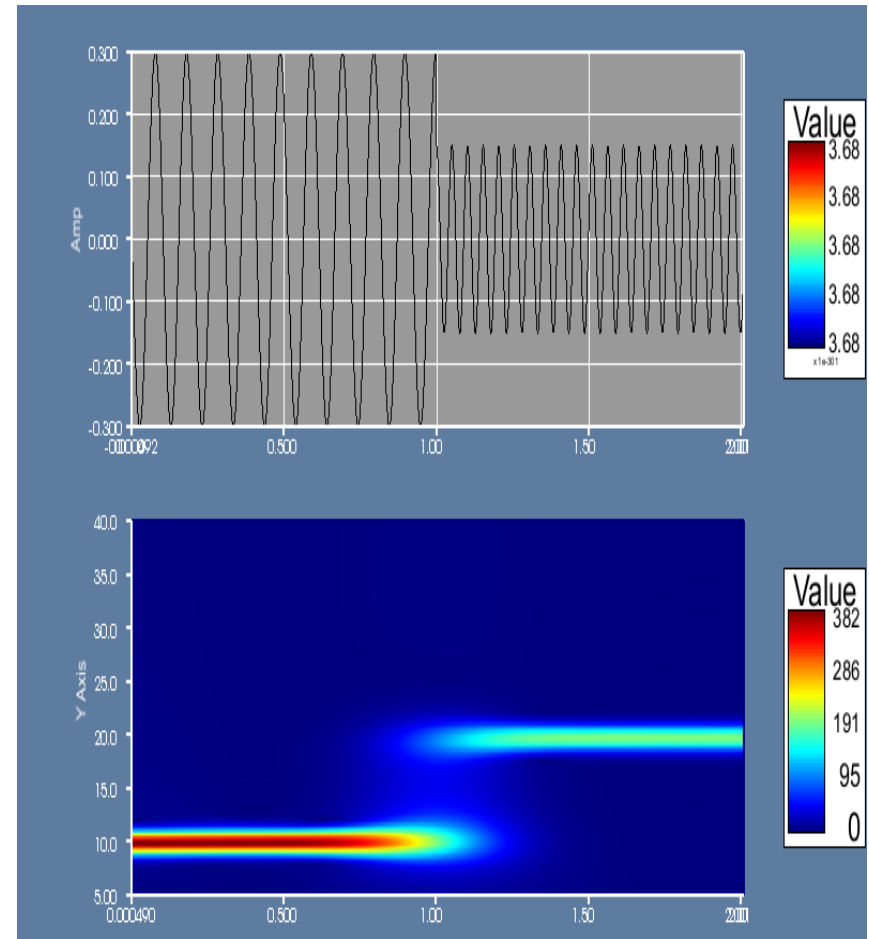
$$x(t) = \begin{cases} 0.30 \cos(2 \times 10\pi t) & , 0 \leq t < 1 \\ 0.30 \cos(2 \times 20\pi t) & , 1 \leq t < 2 \end{cases}$$



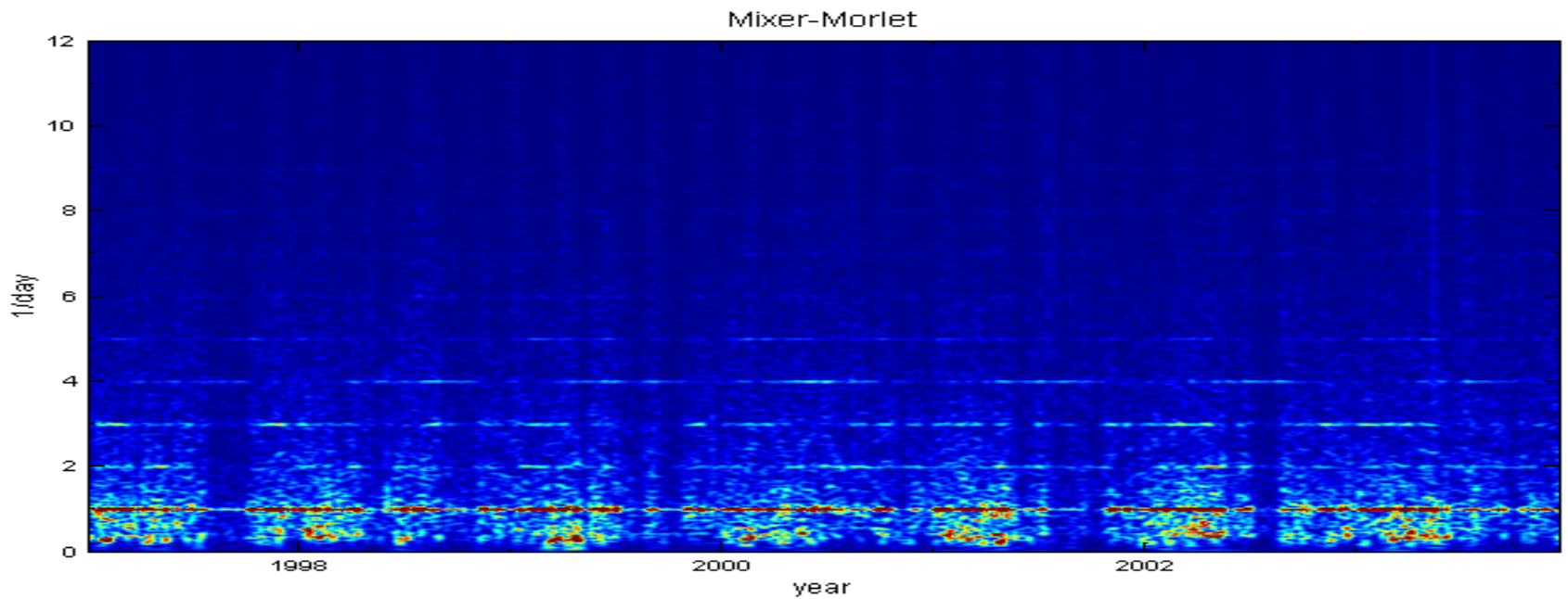
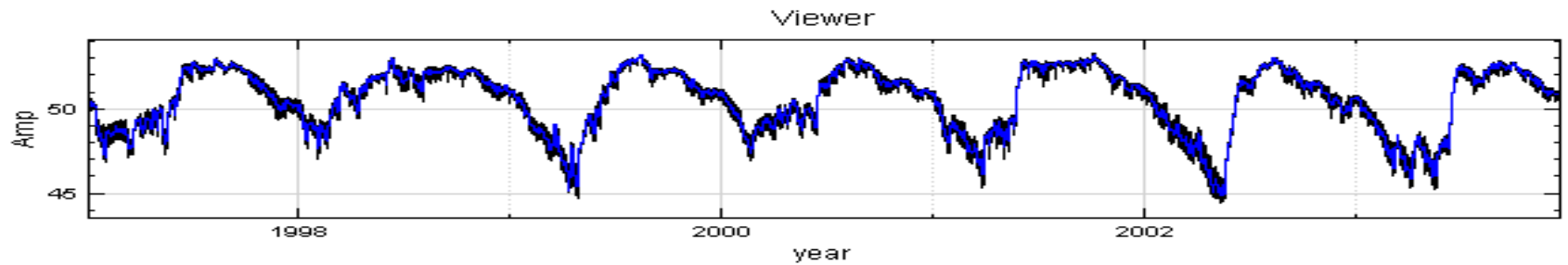
TF Plot: Change of frequency and amplitude

- Signal with abrupt change of frequency and amplitude

$$x(t) = \begin{cases} 0.30 \cos(2 \times 10\pi t) & , 0 \leq t < 1 \\ 0.15 \cos(2 \times 20\pi t) & , 1 \leq t < 2 \end{cases}$$



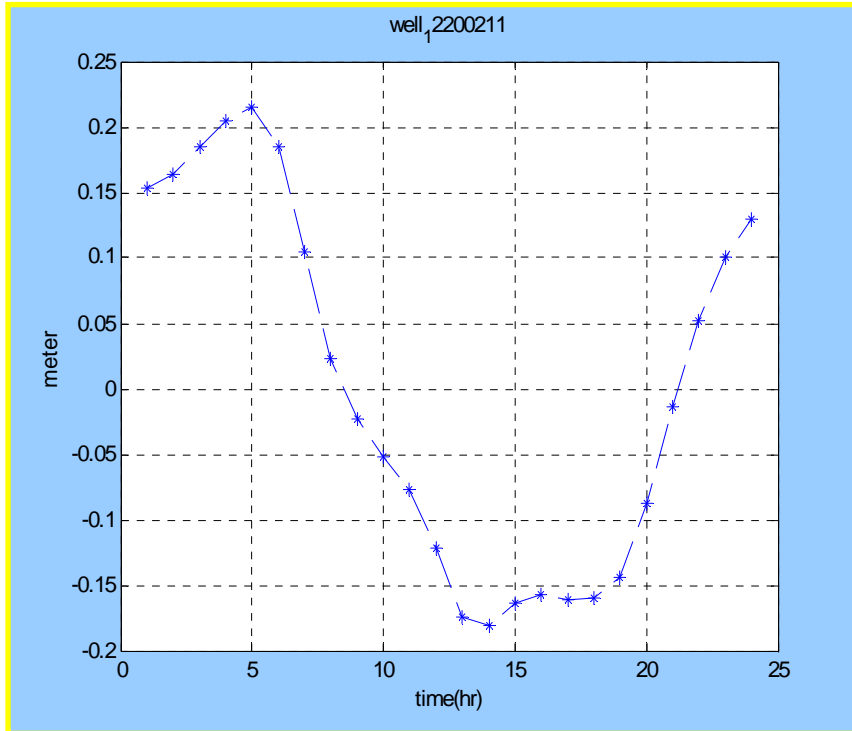
TF Plot of 美濃(1)



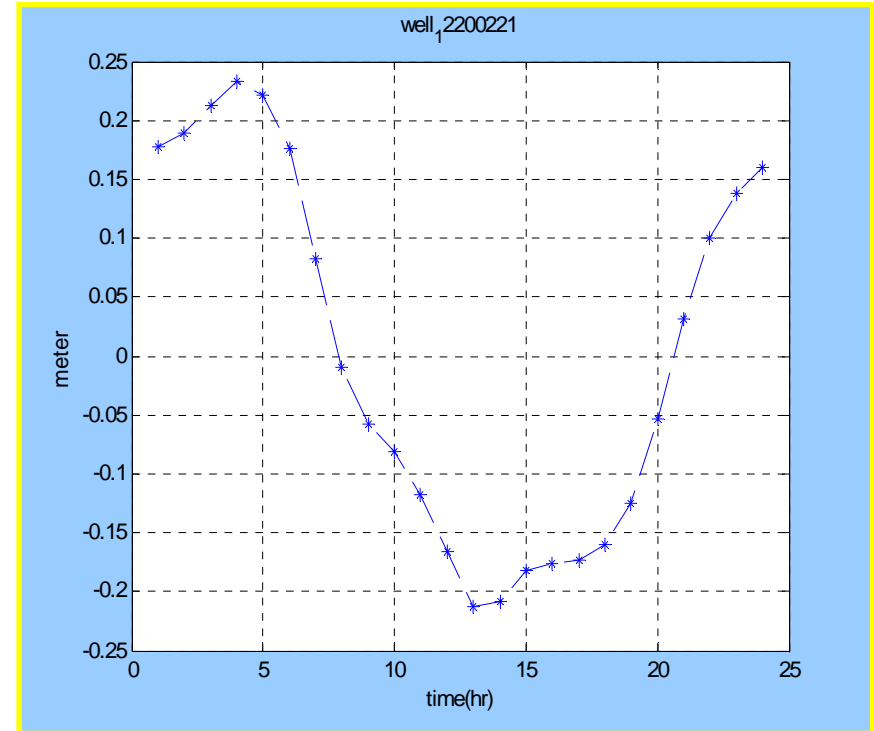


Single Frequency and Harmonics

Average Daily Variation of GWL in Agriculture Region

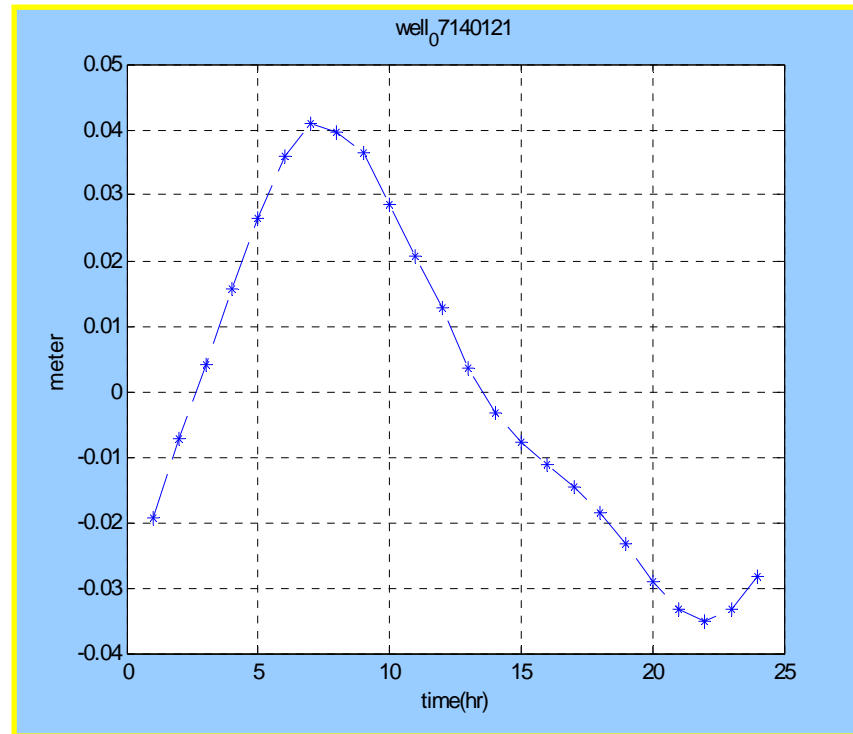


美濃(1)



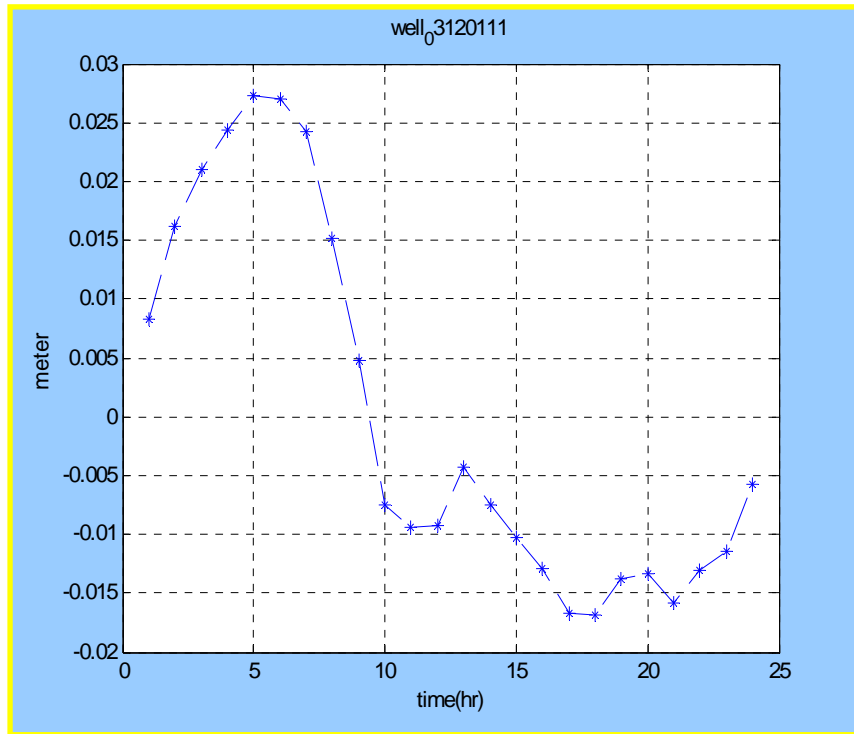
美濃(2)

Average Daily Variation of GWL in Industrial Region

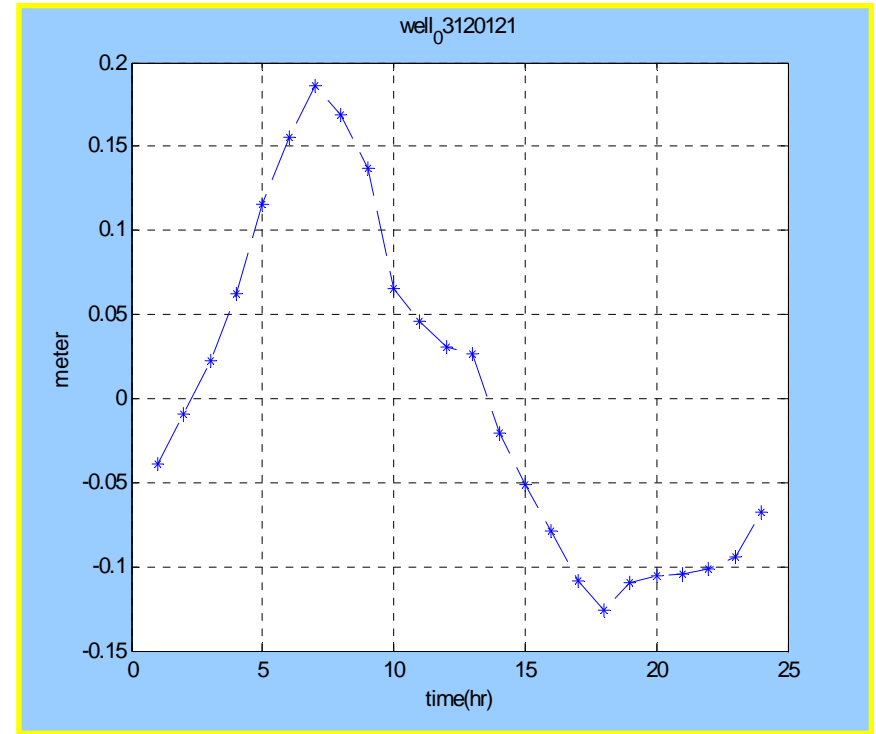


彰化·好修(2)

Average Daily Variation of GWL in Mixed Region

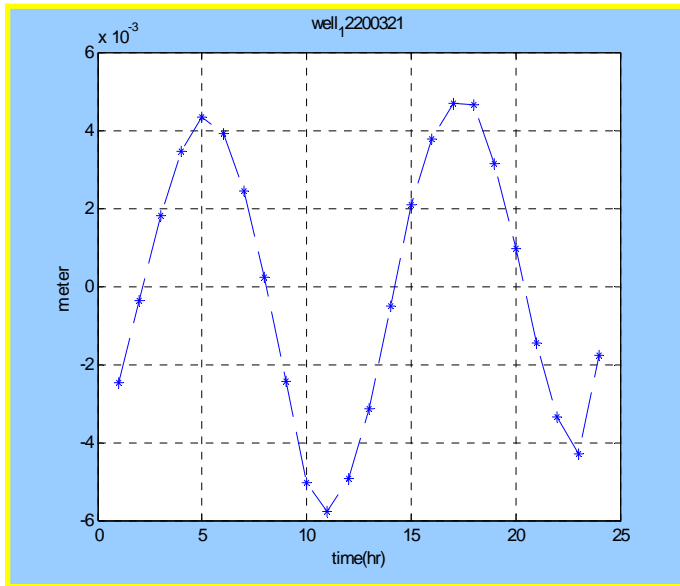


桃園樹林 (1)

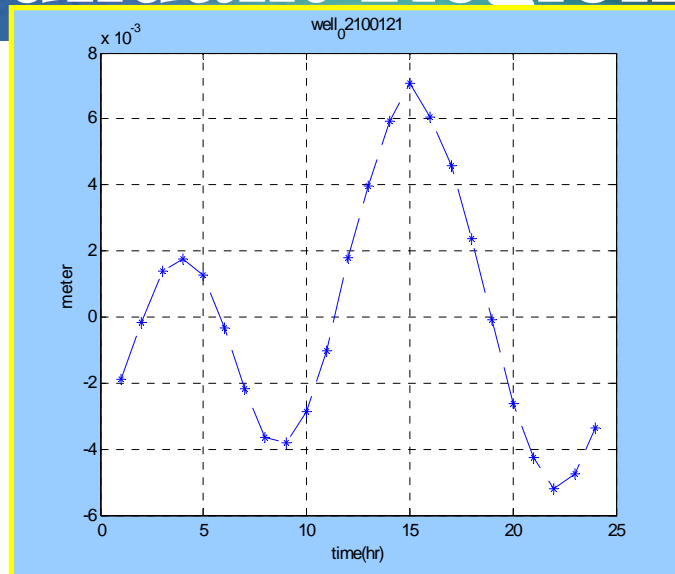


桃園樹林 (2)

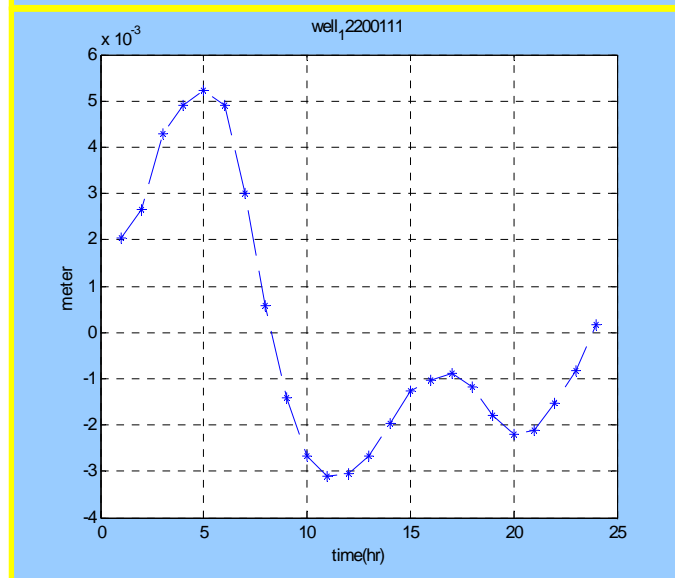
Average Daily Variation of GWL in Recharge Abundant Region



吉洋人工湖

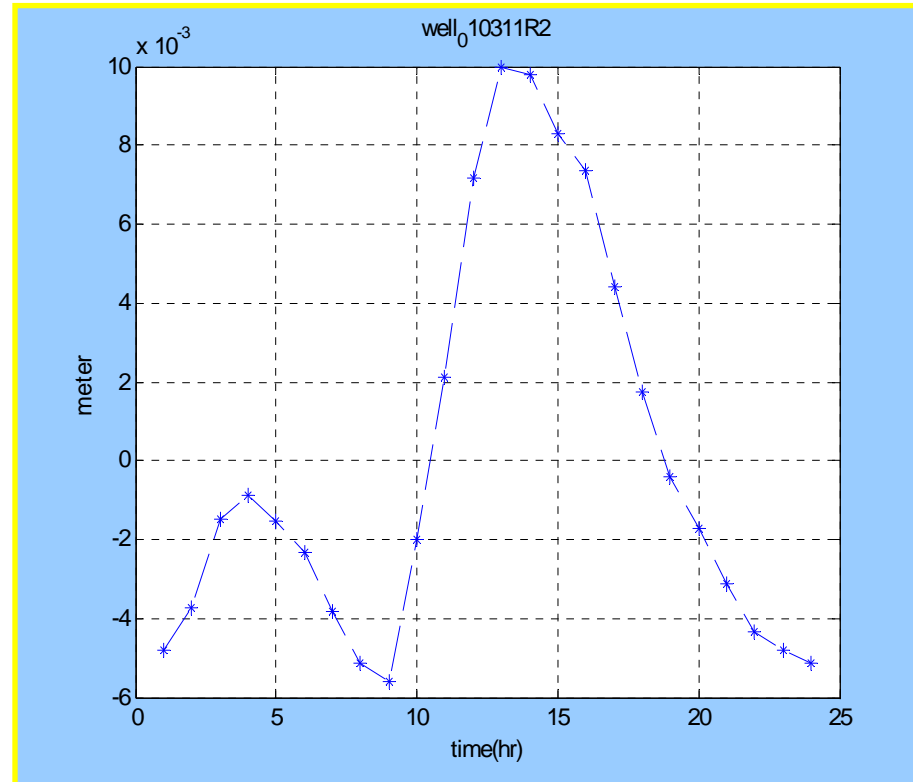


吉洋工作站



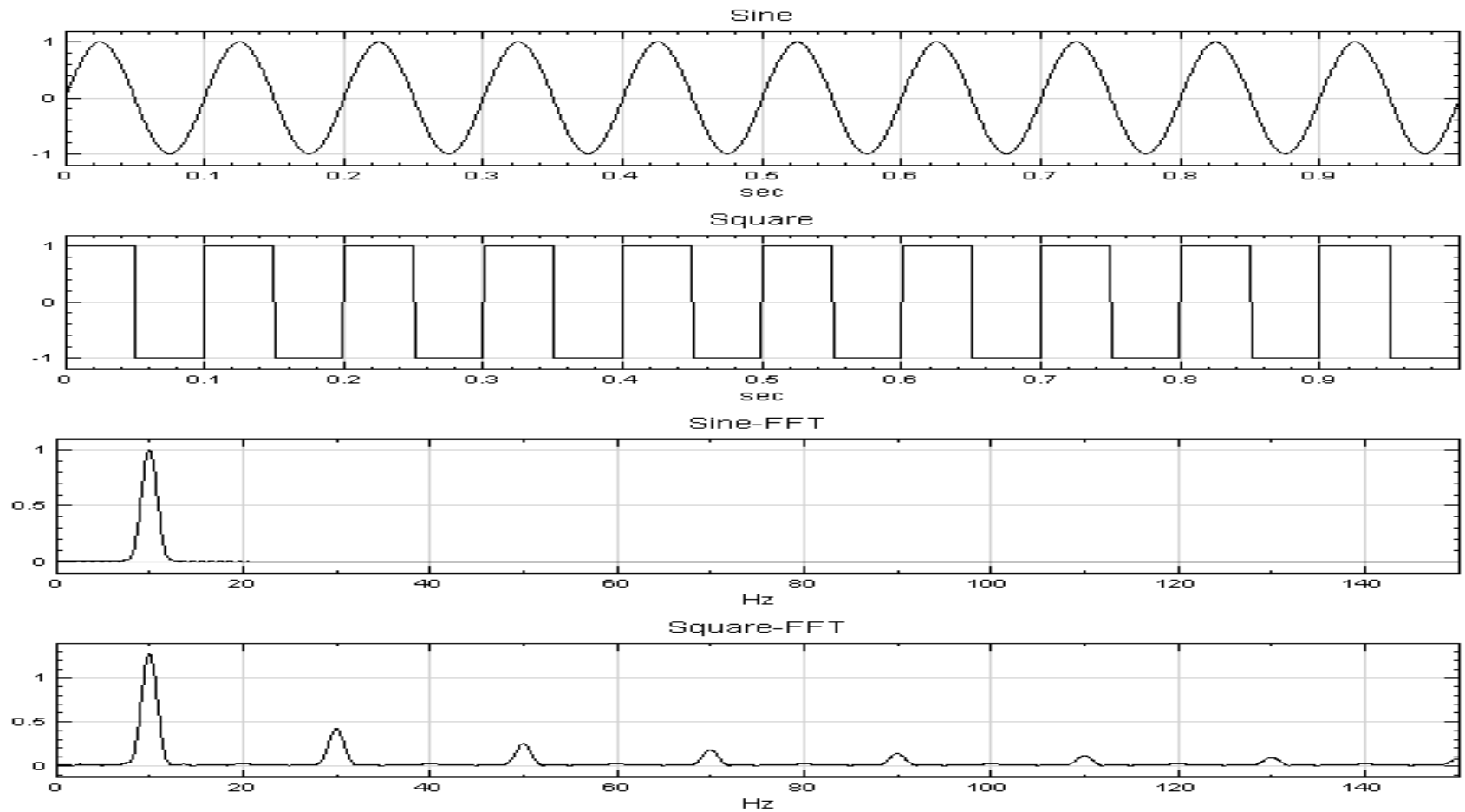
宜蘭·大隱

Average Daily Variation of GWL in Region without Pumping

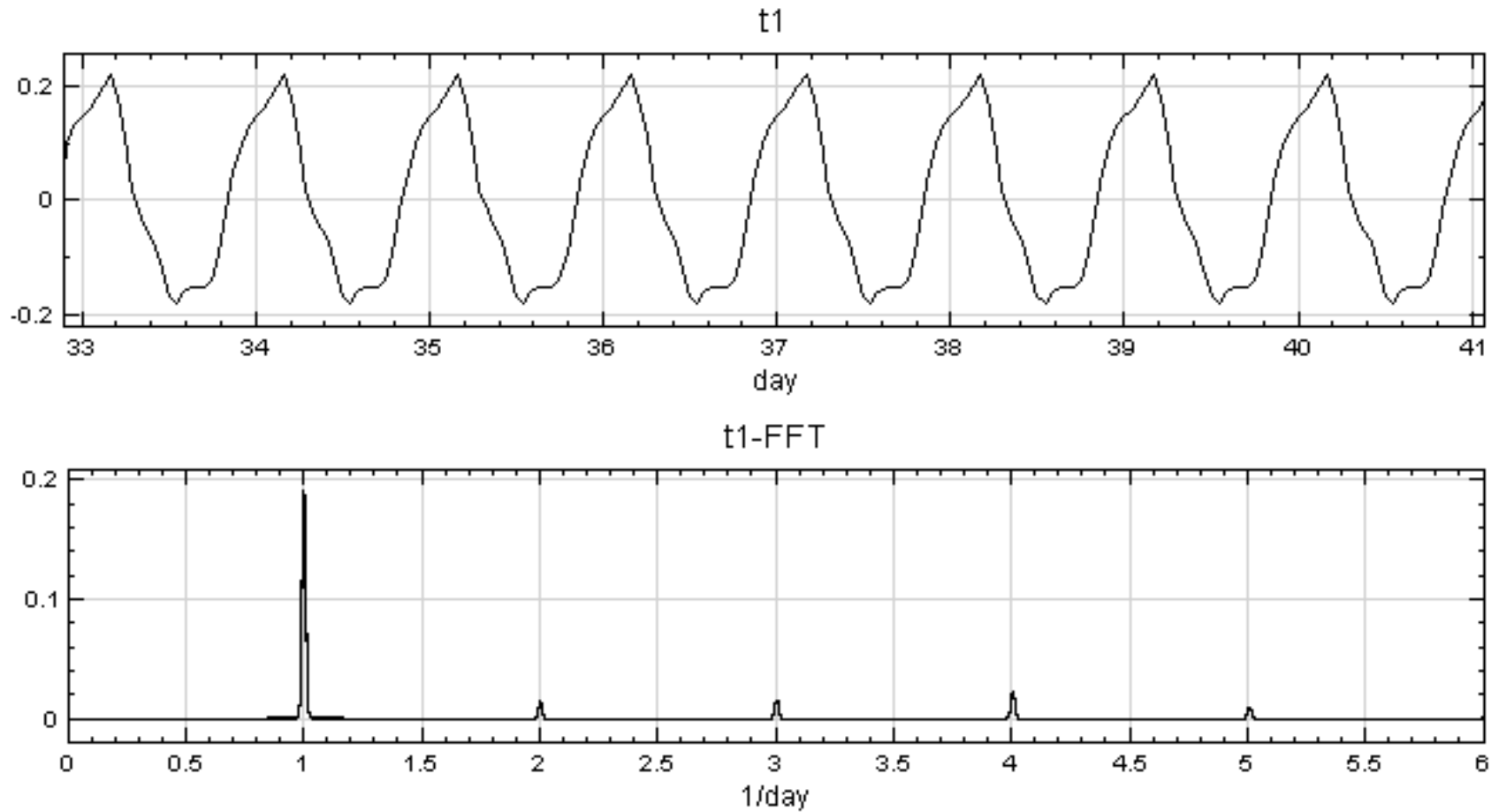


中和 Well, Taipei

Single Frequency and Harmonics

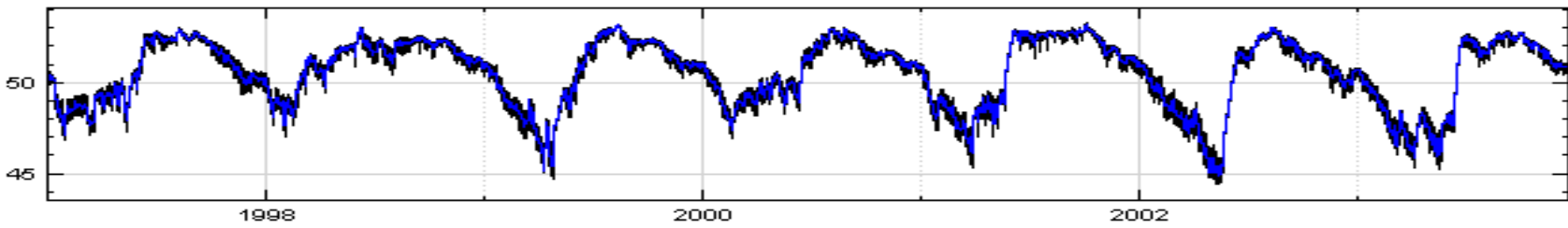


Spectrum of 美濃(1)

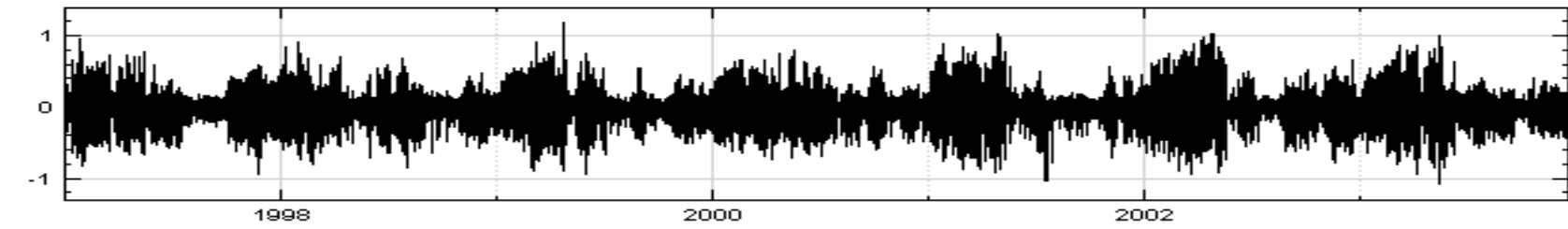


美濃(1)

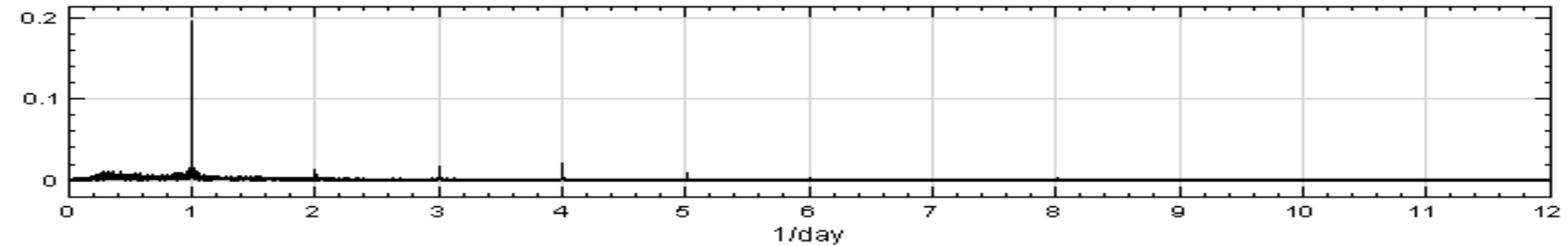
Viewer



Mixer

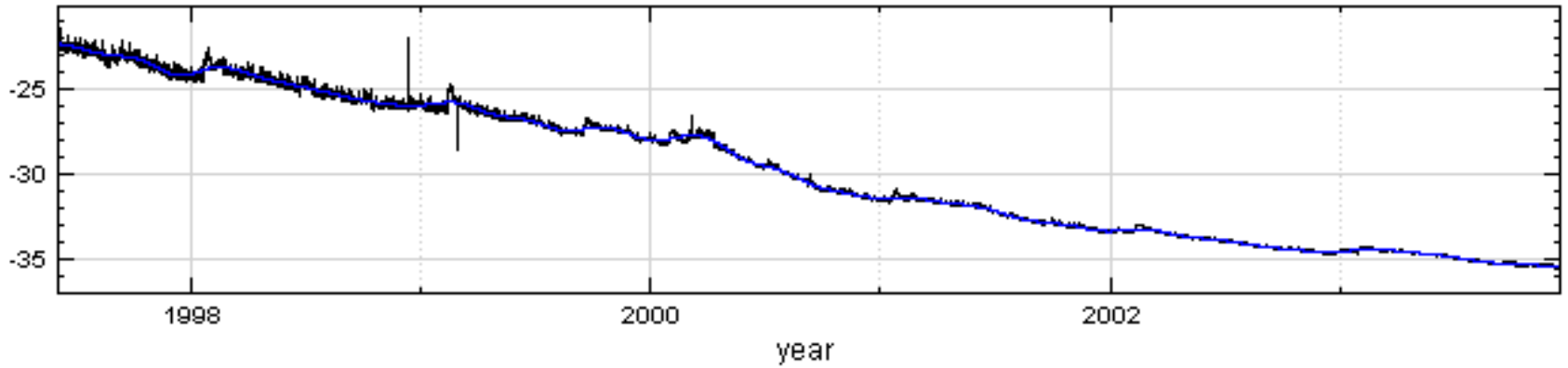


Mixer-FFT

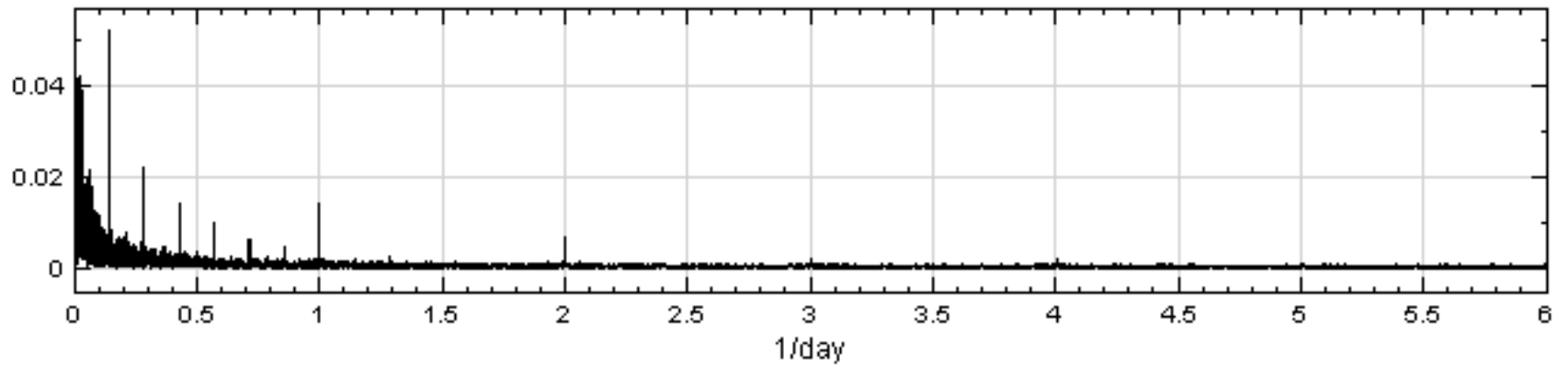


樹林(1)

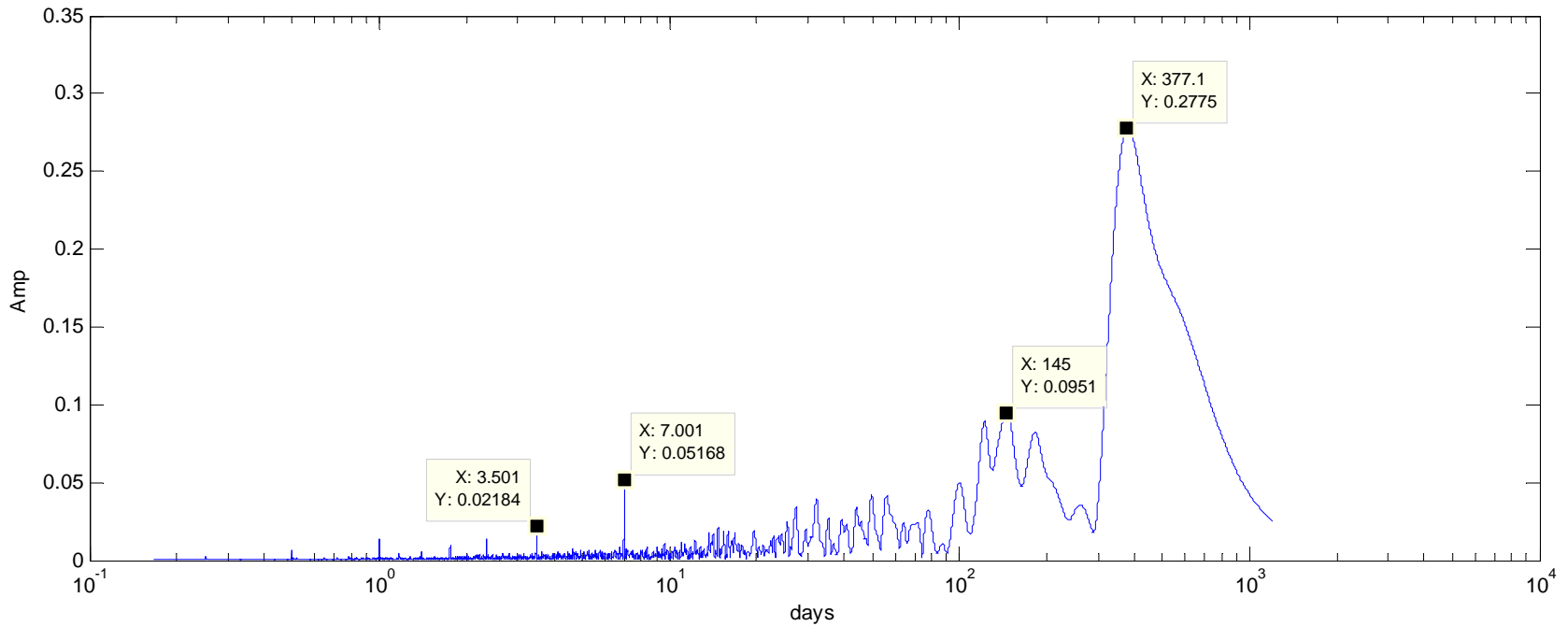
Viewer



well_03120111- IGaussFilter-FFT

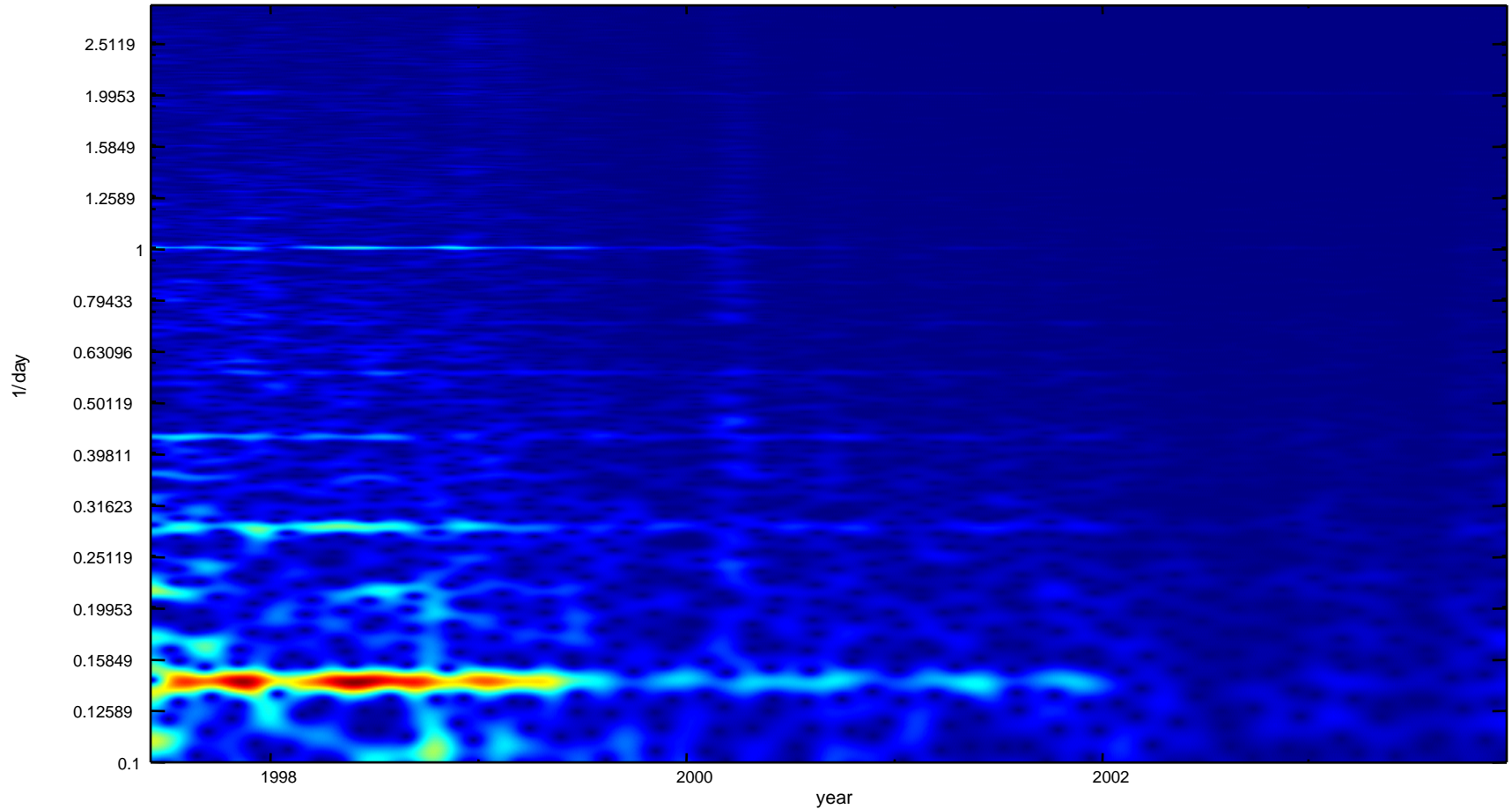


Spectrum of Ground Water Level (樹林1)

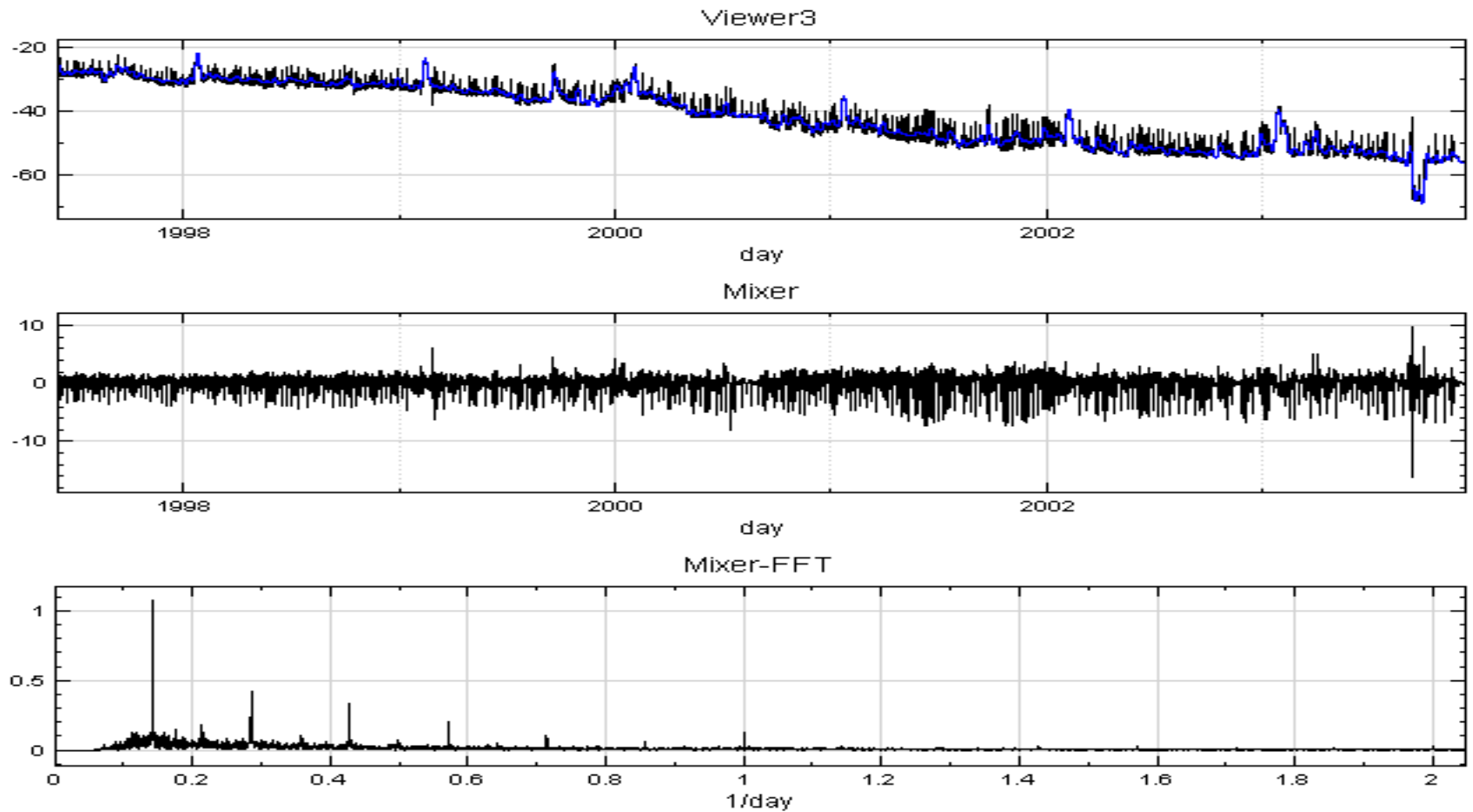


TF Plot of GWL (樹林1)

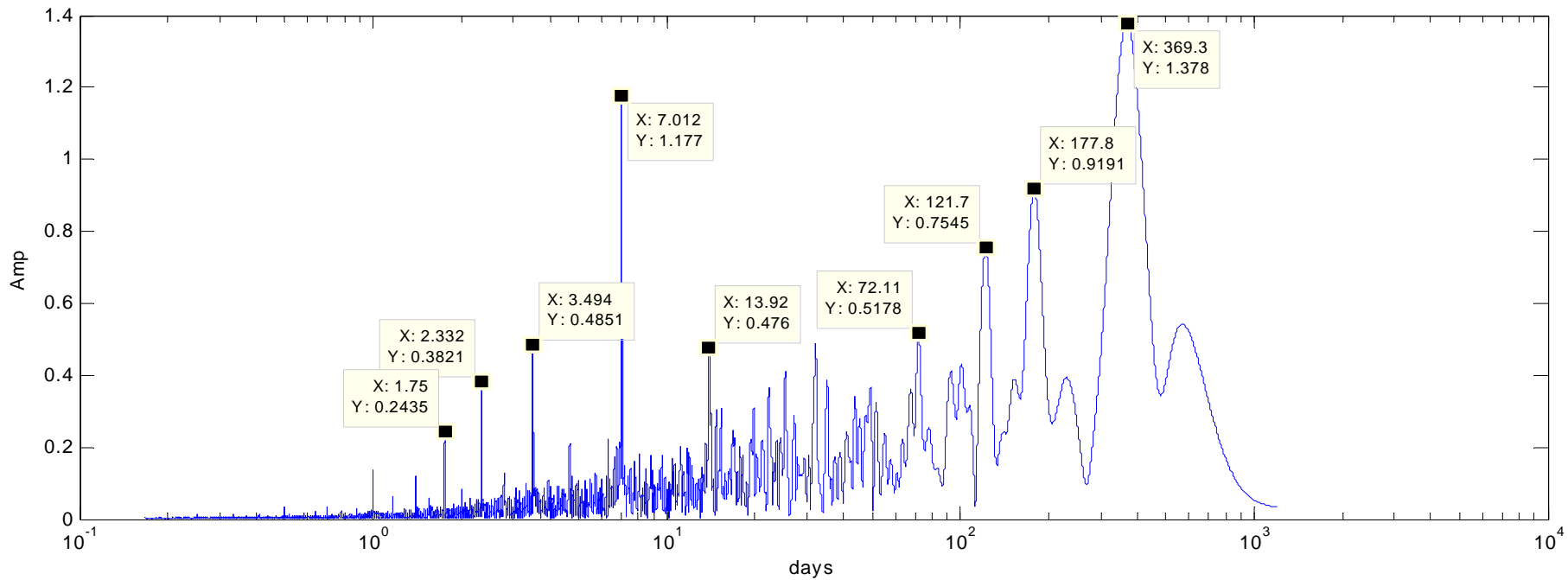
well_03120111- IGaussFilter-Morlet



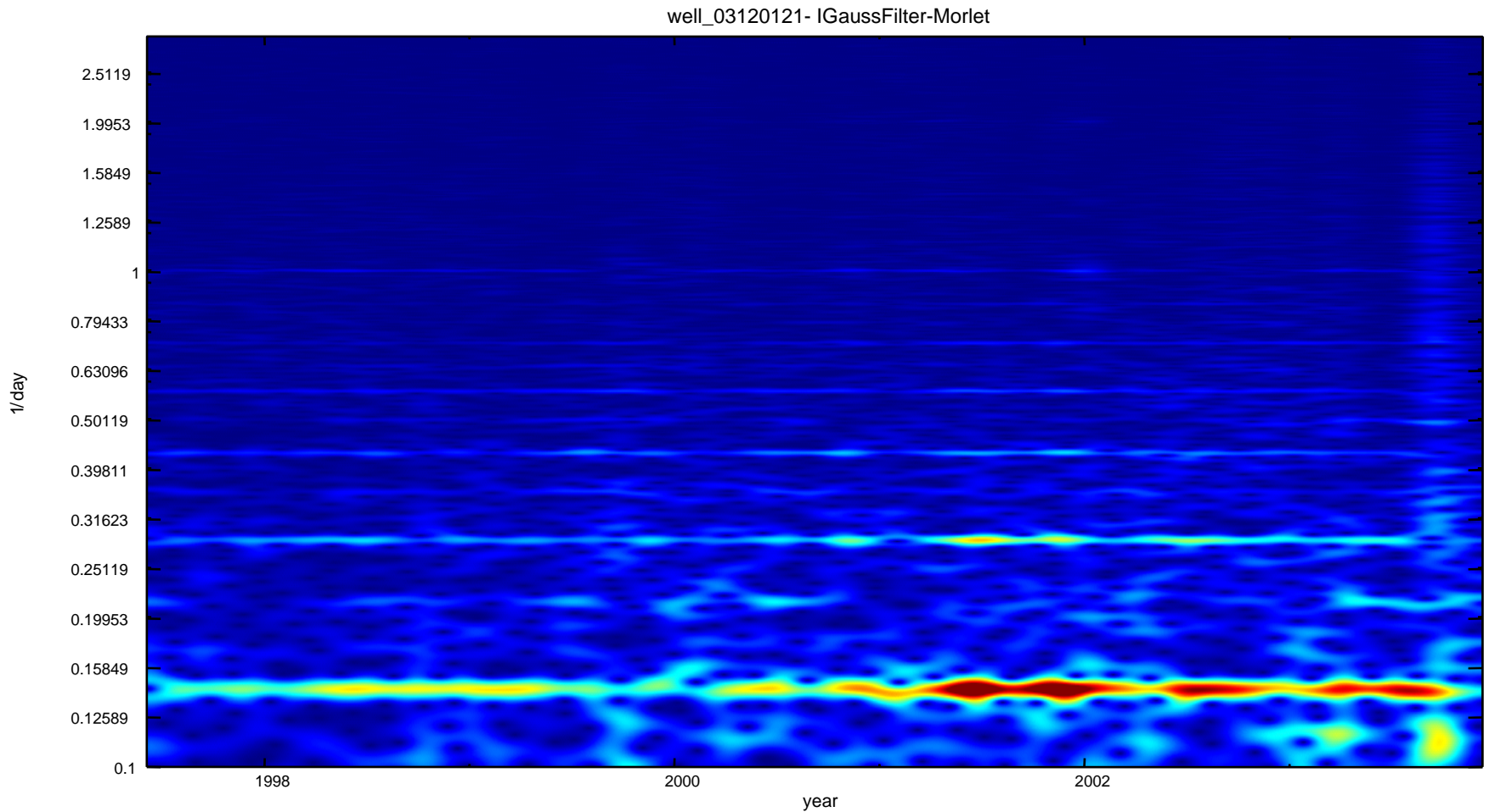
樹林(2)



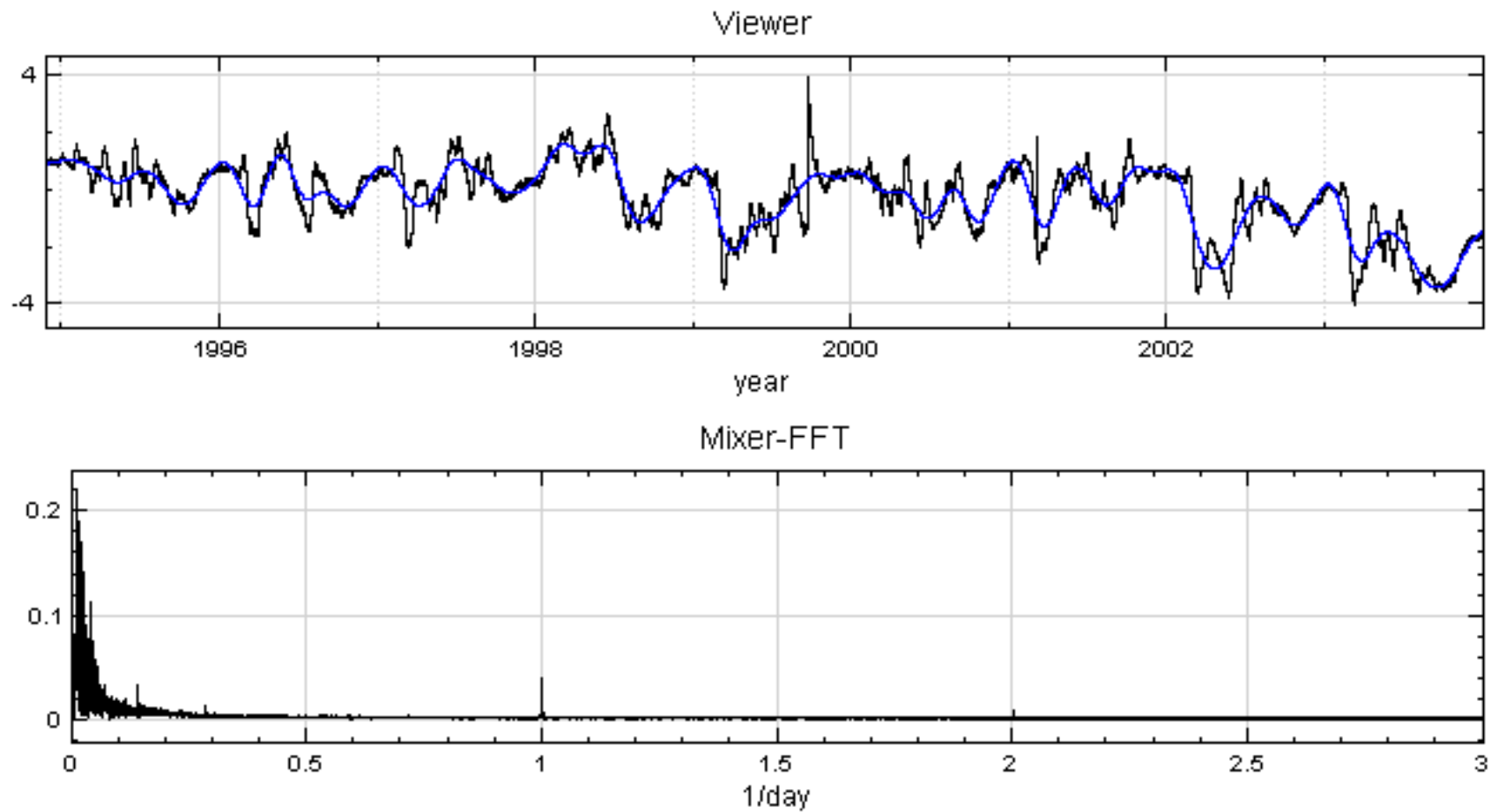
Spectrum of Ground Water Level (樹林2)



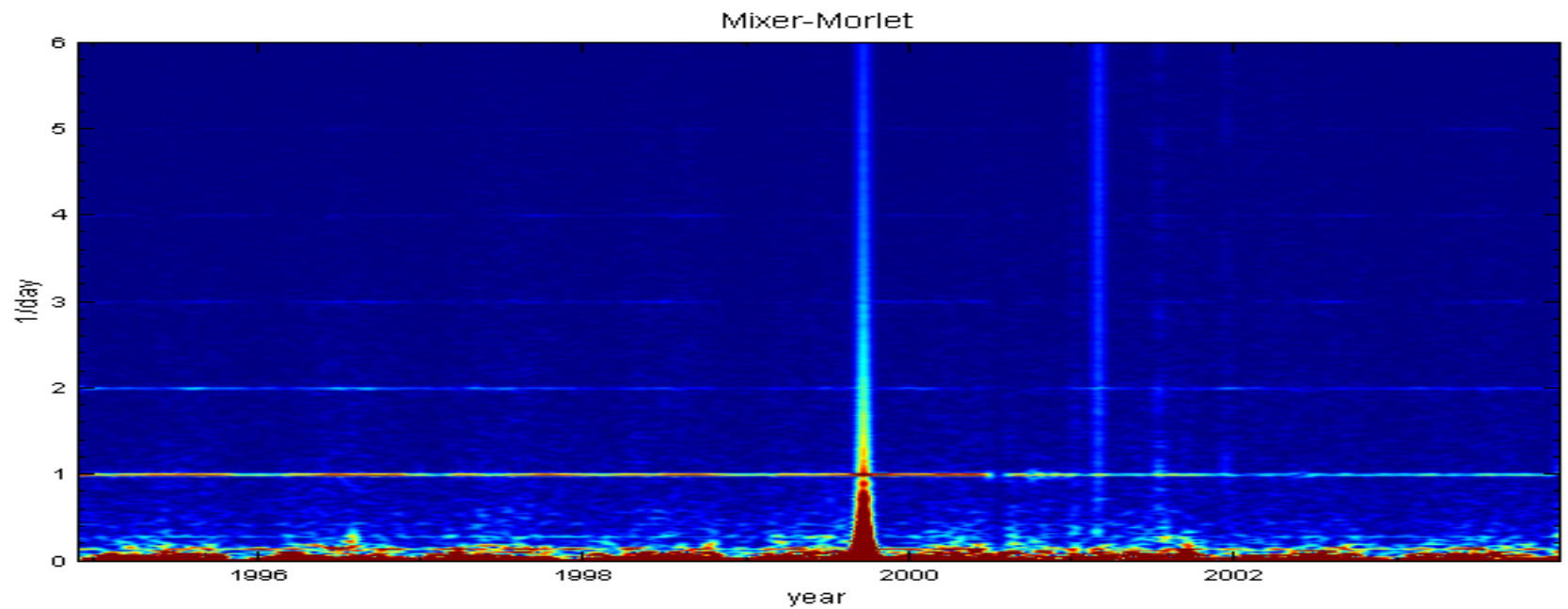
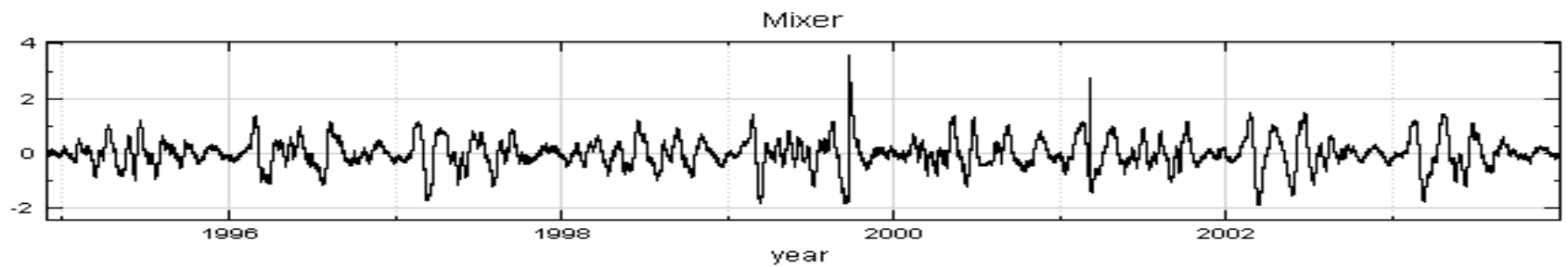
TF Plot of GWL (樹林2)



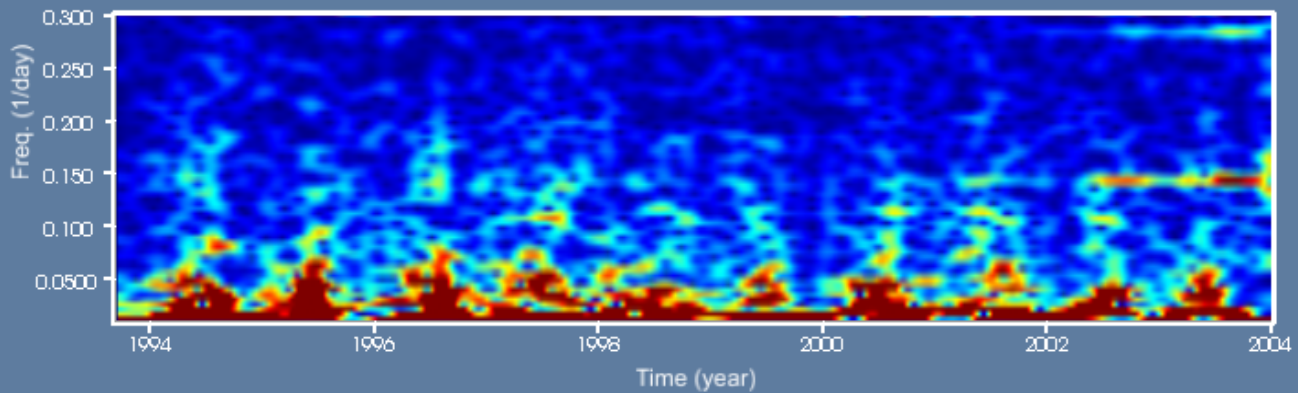
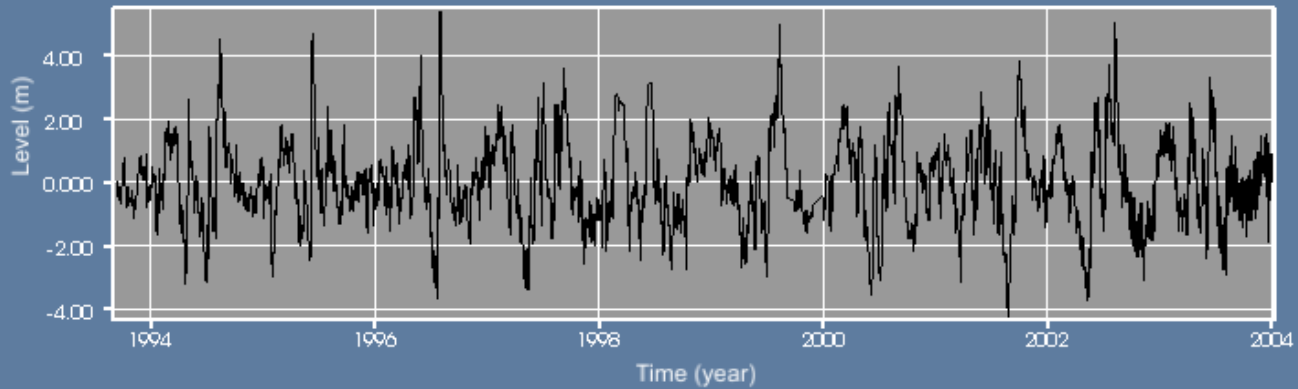
彰化好修



彰化好修



Abnormal Pumping



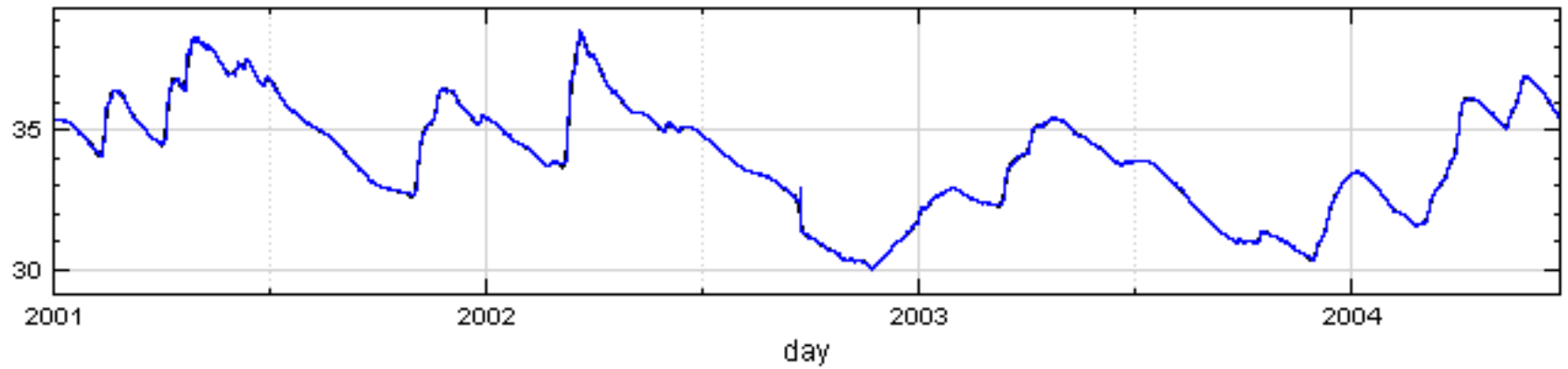
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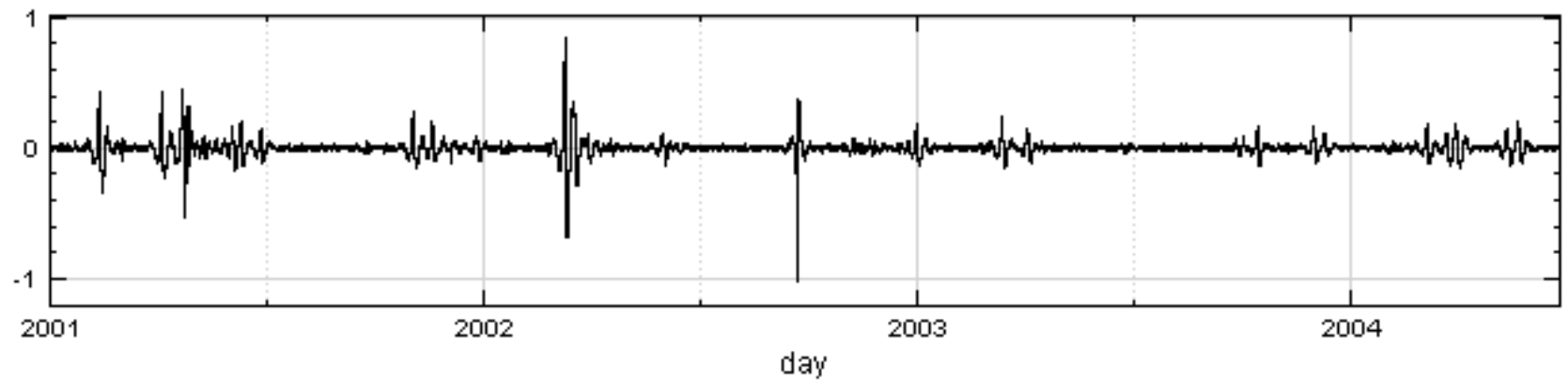
Diurnal/Semi-Diurnal Tide

宜蘭大隱

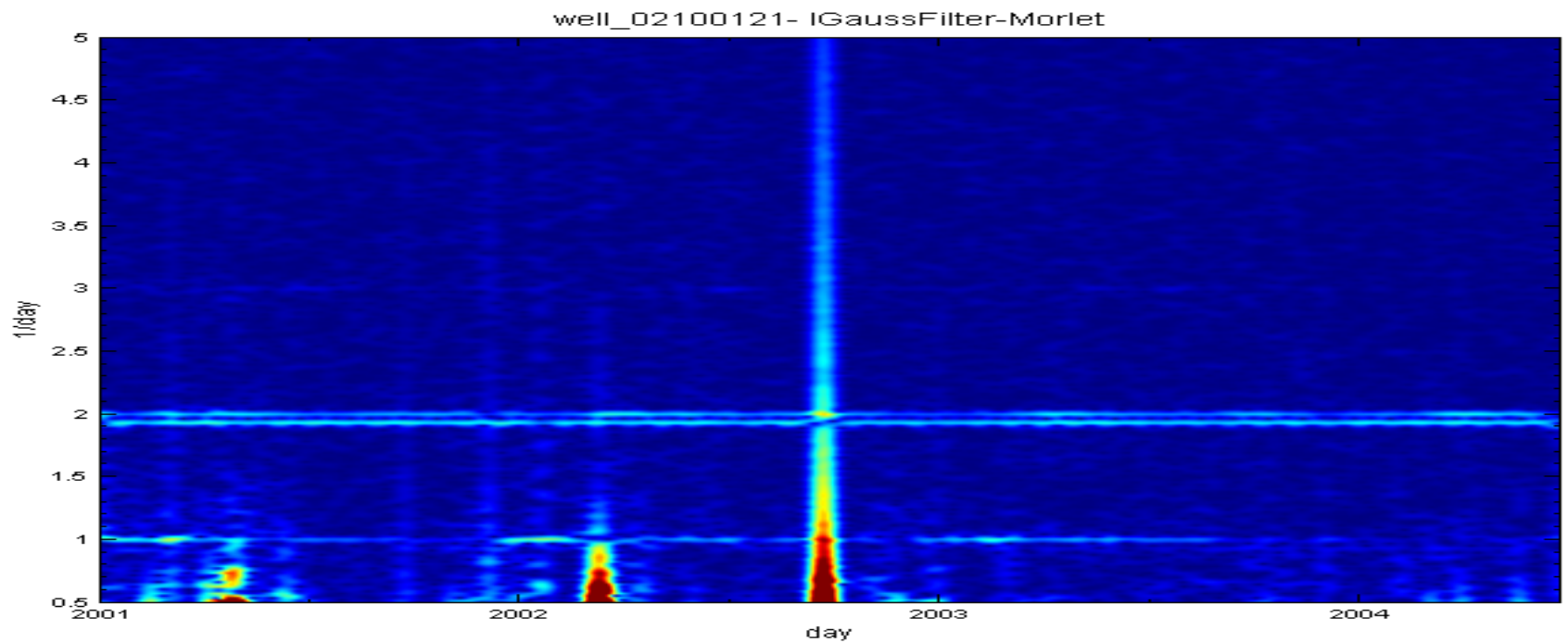
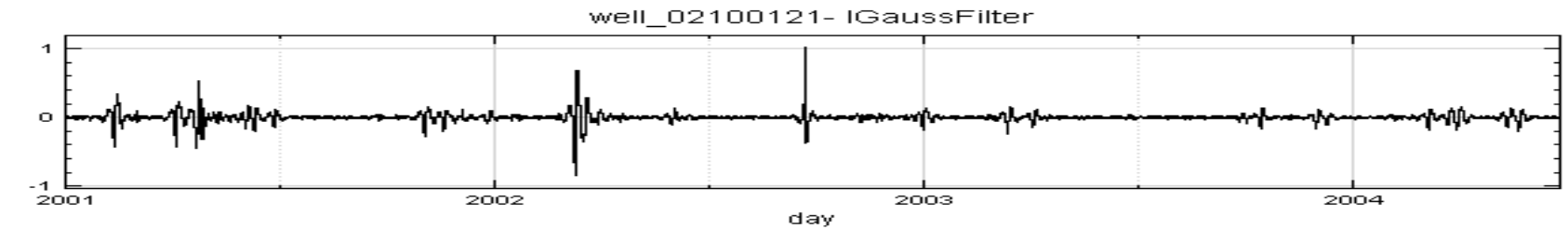
Viewer5



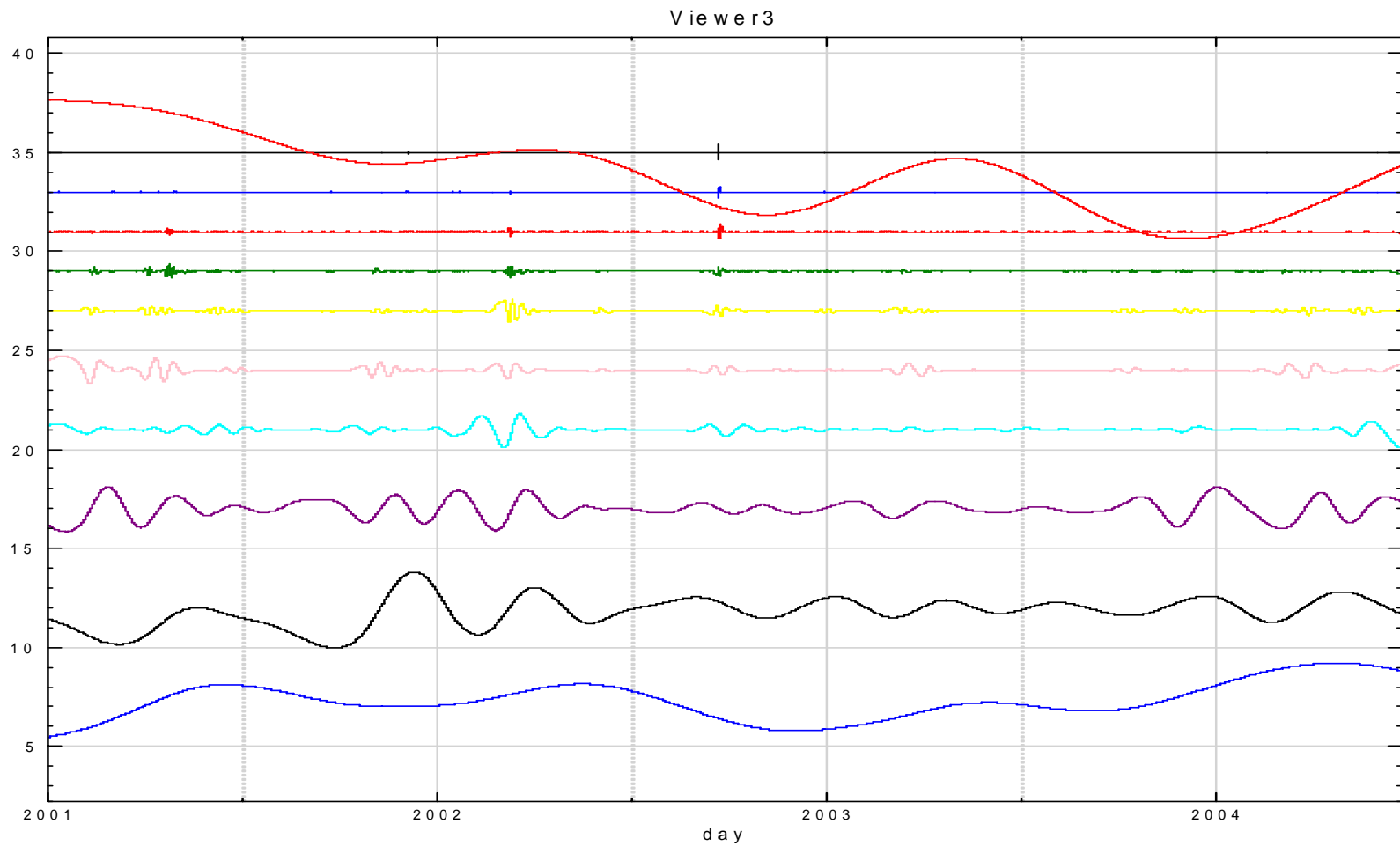
Mixer



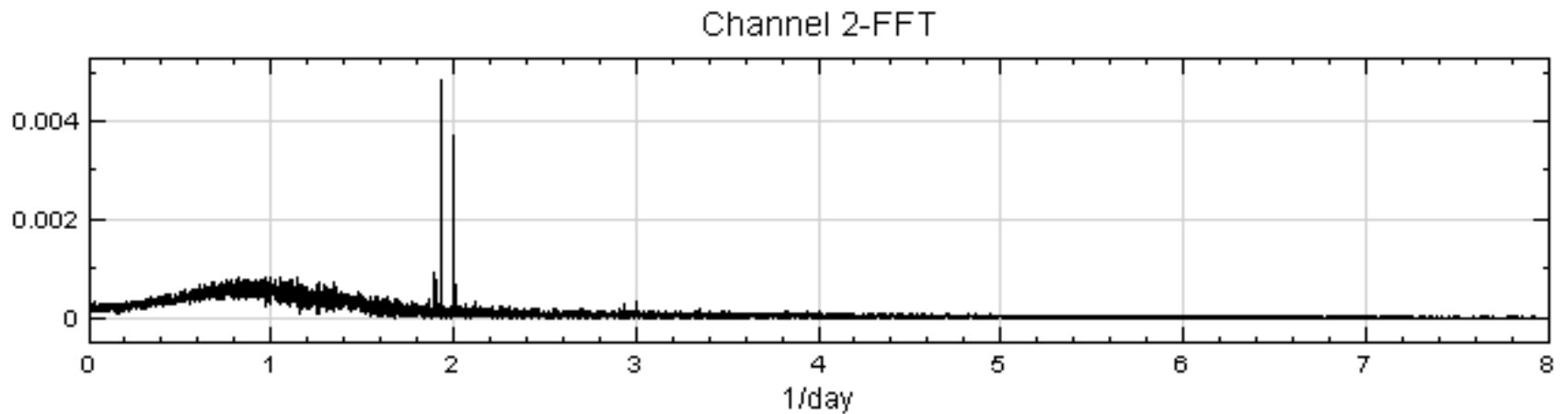
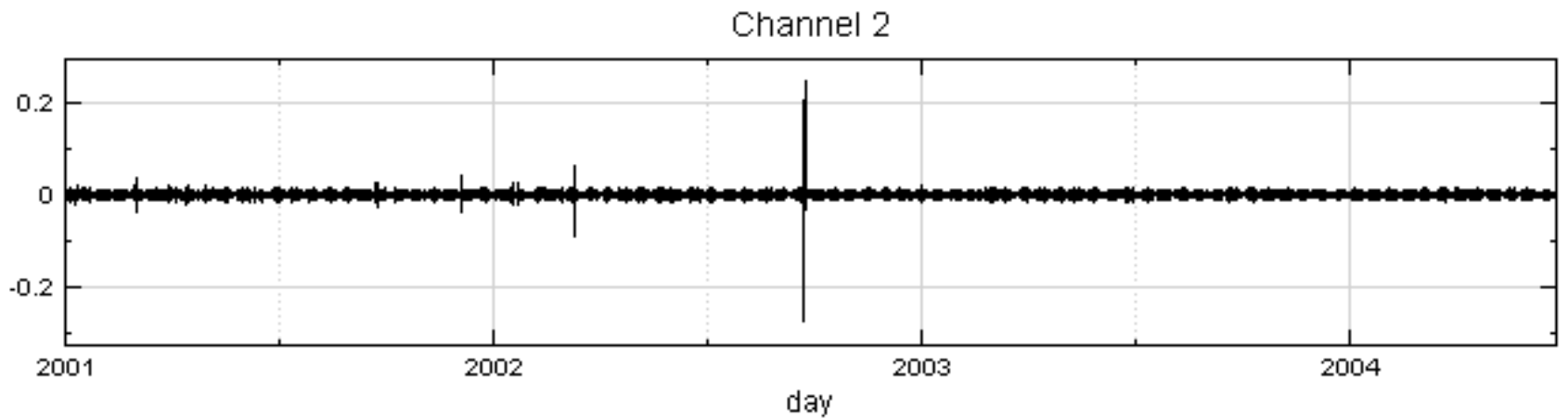
宜蘭大隱



宜蘭大隱(EMD)

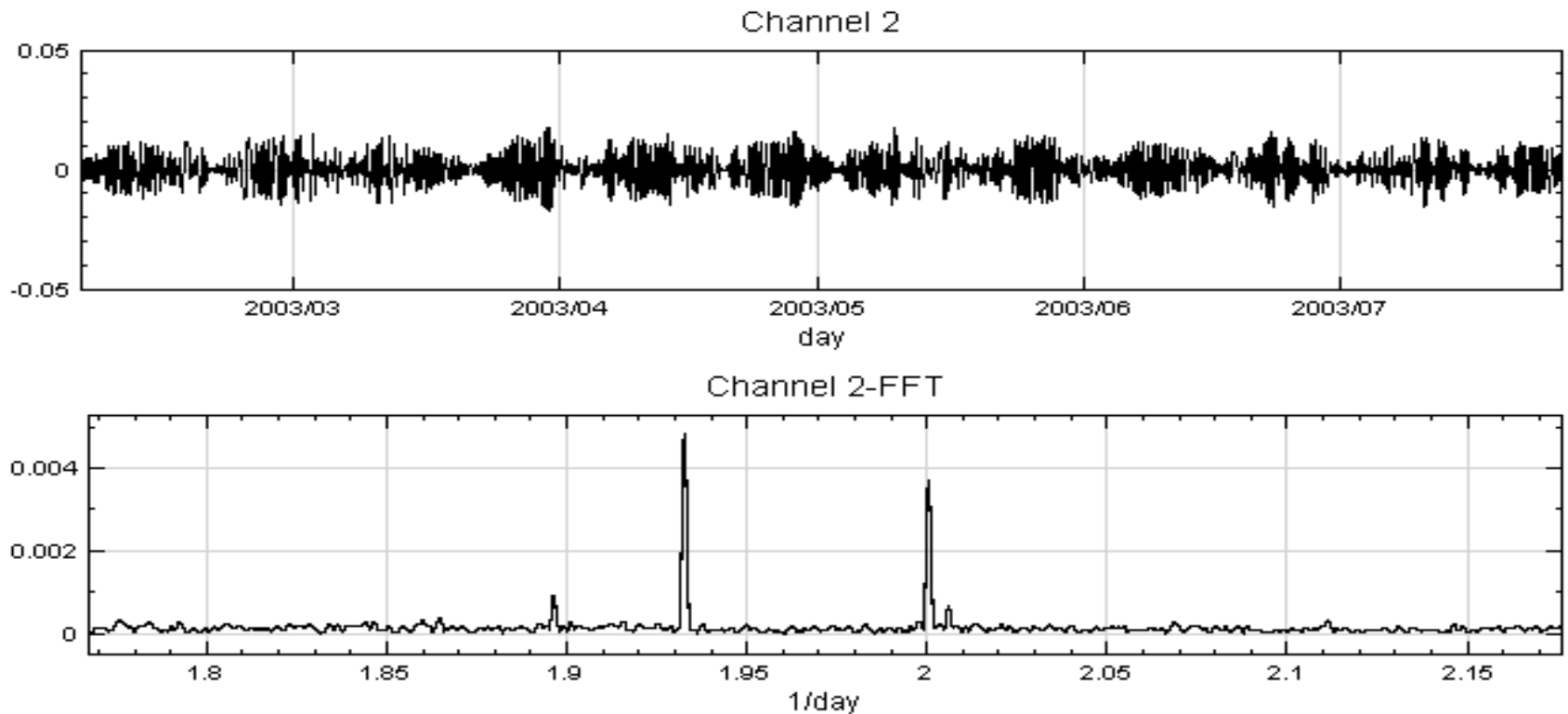


IMF2 (semi-diurnal tide)

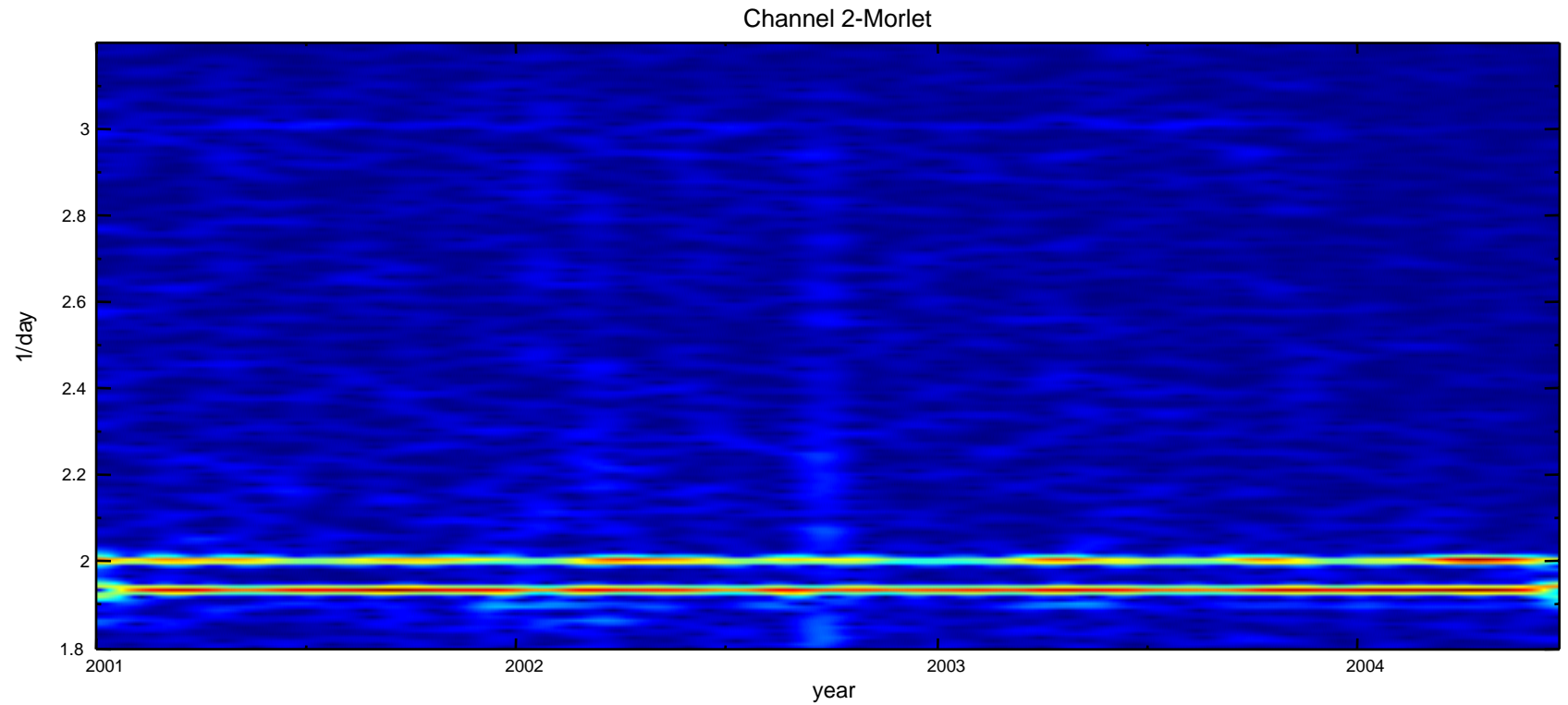


IMF2 (semi-diurnal tide)

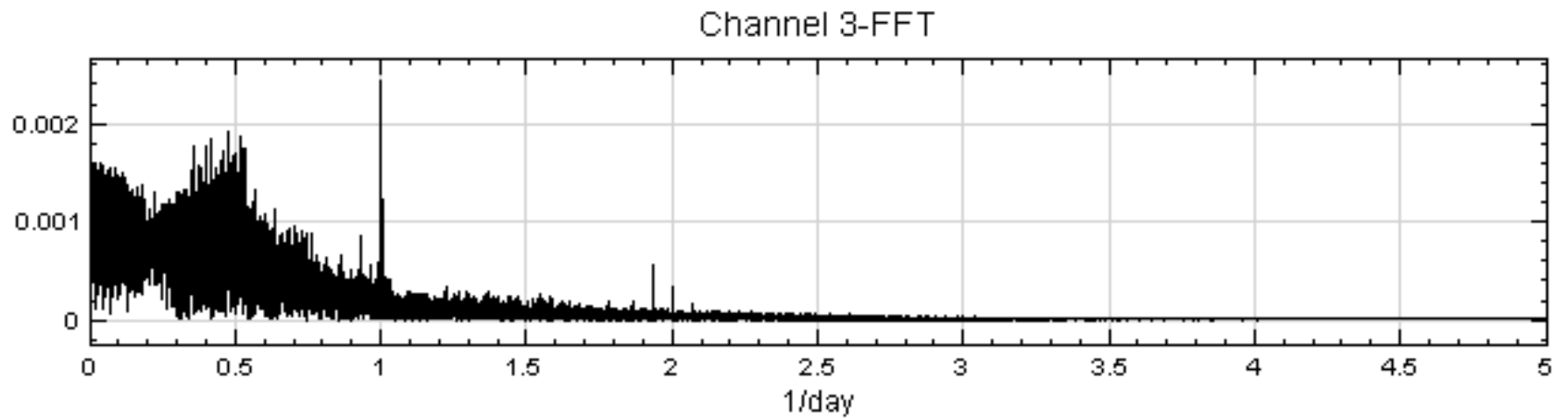
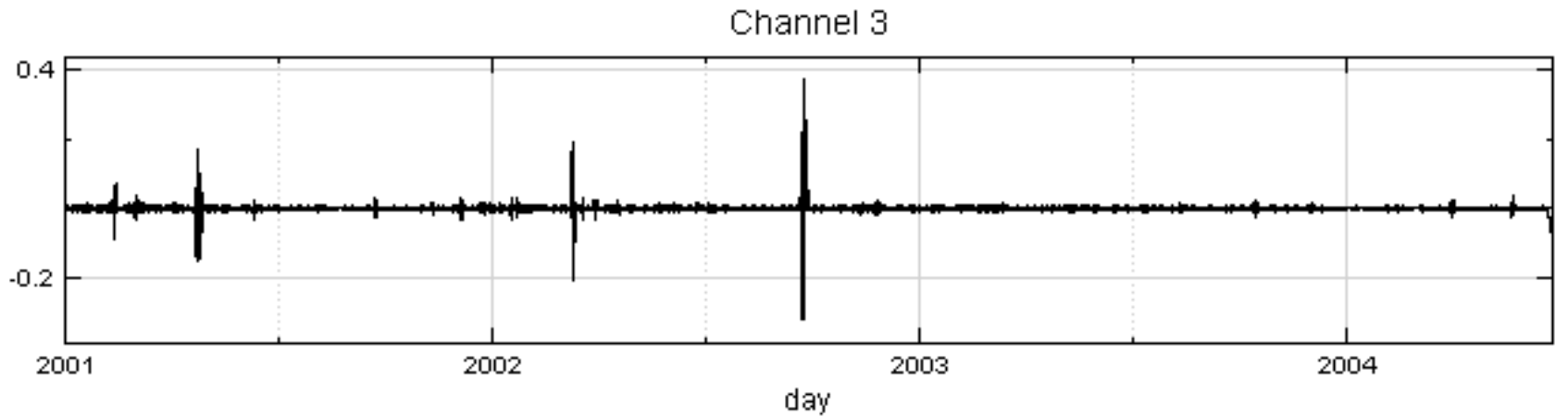
Beat wave occurs twice per month.



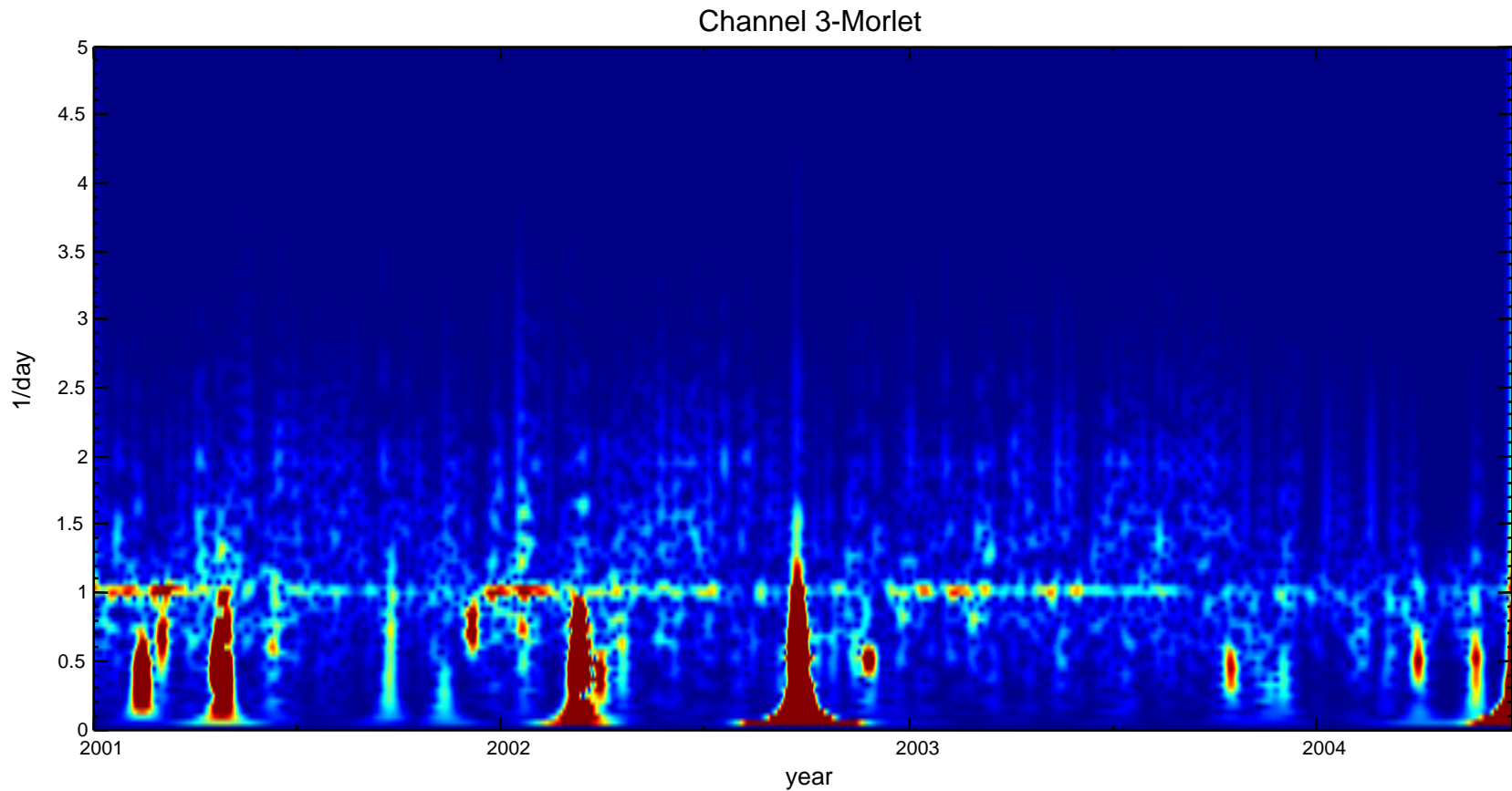
IMF2 (semi-diurnal tide)



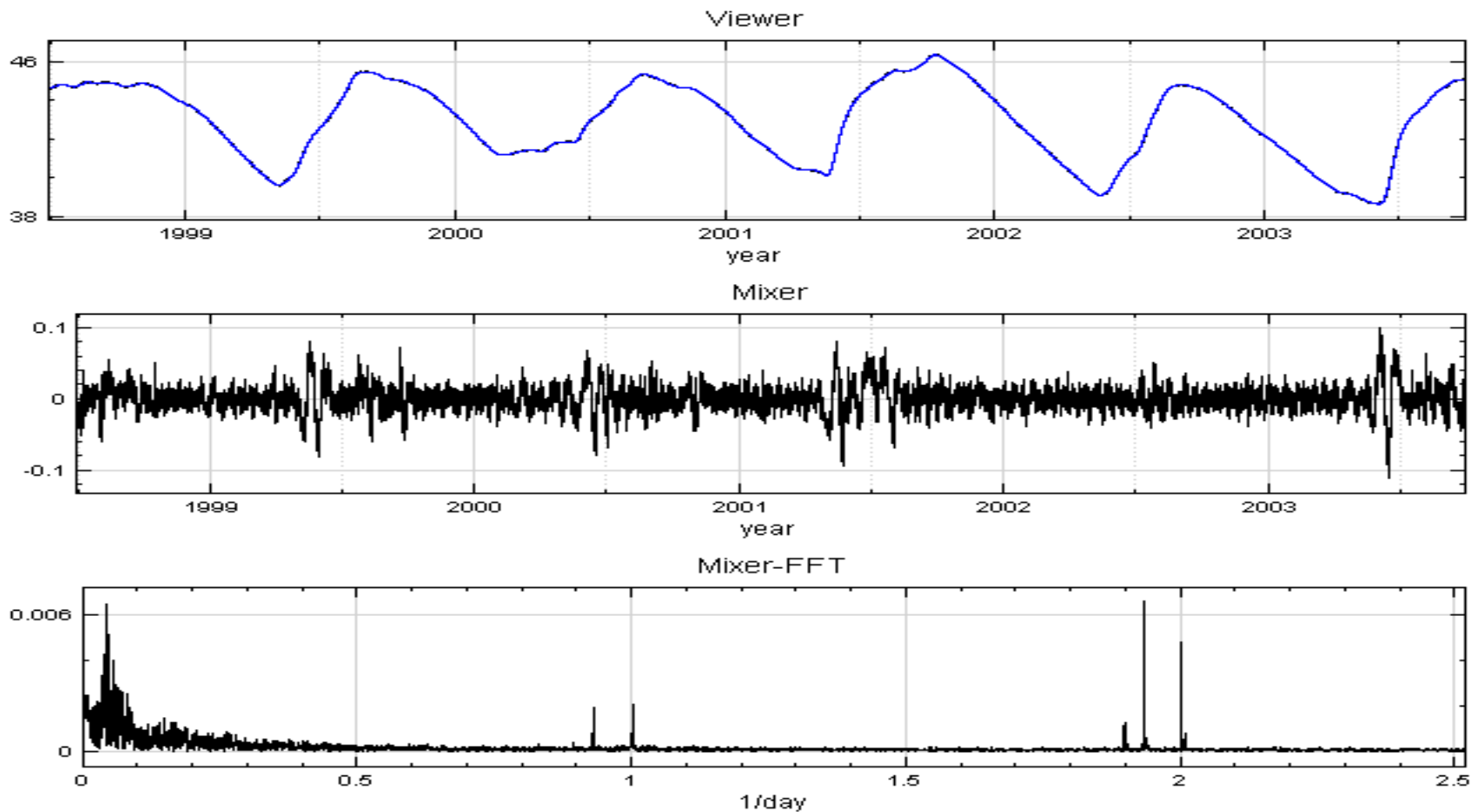
IMF3 (once per day)



IMF3 (cont'd)

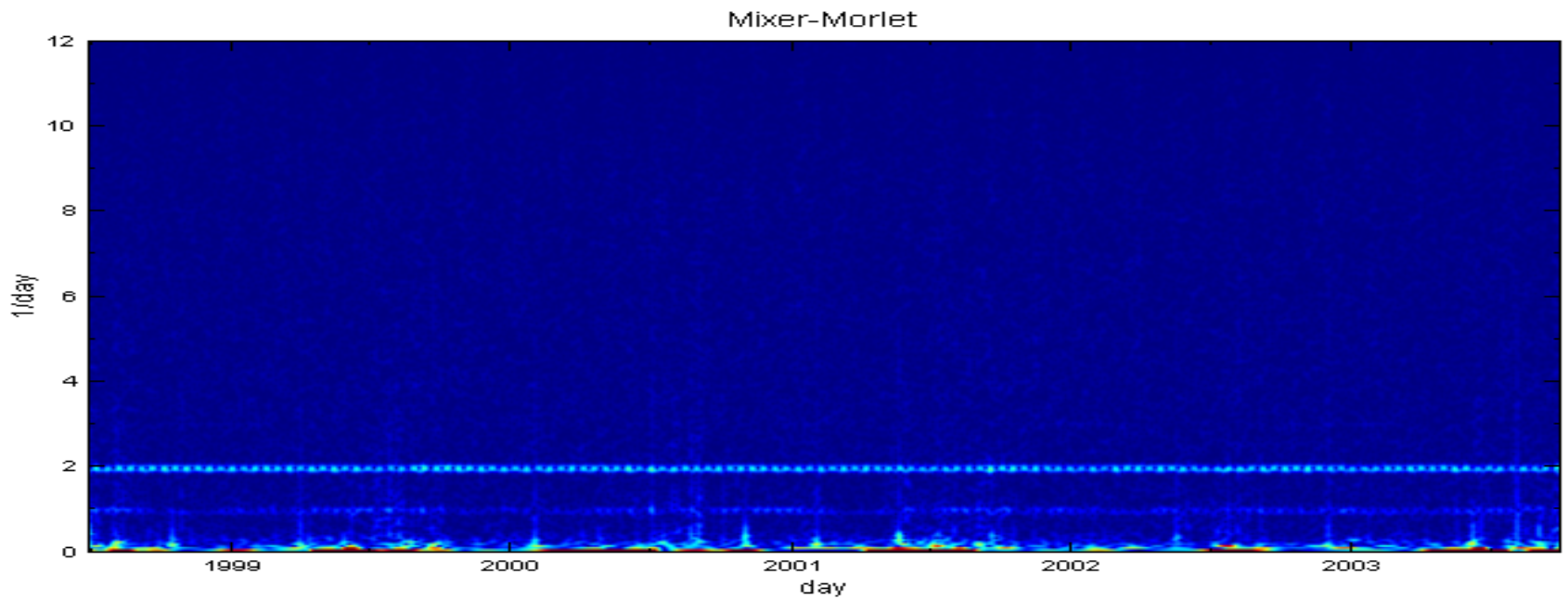
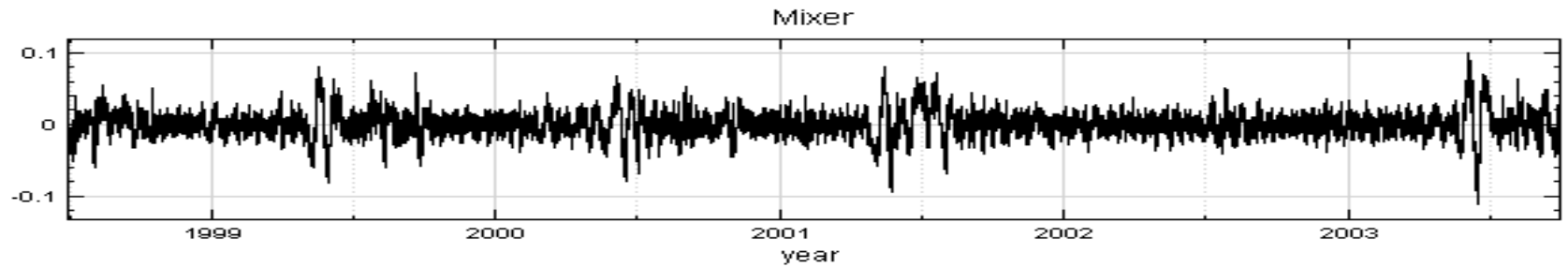


吉洋人工湖(2)

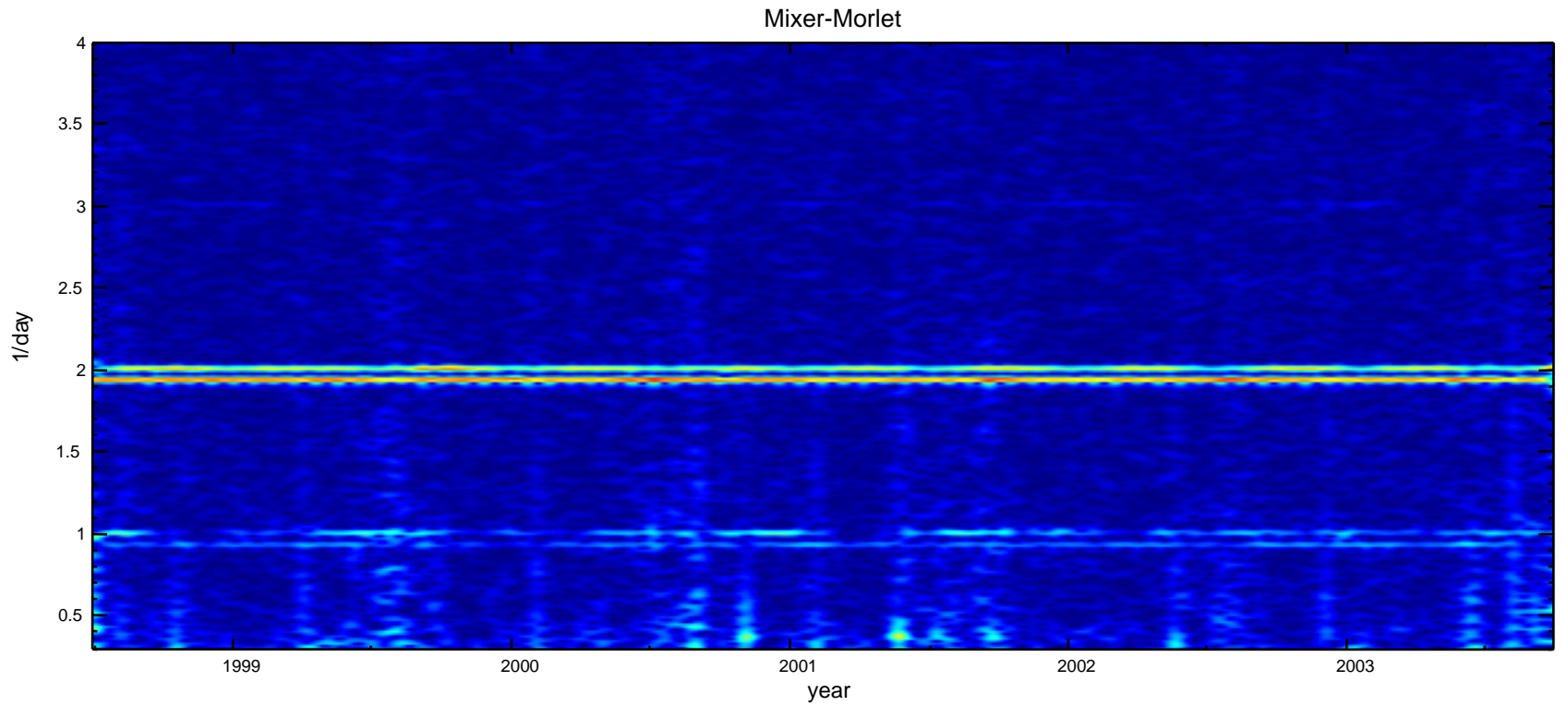


Non-periodical signal is separated via EMD. The periodical part is shown in the middle plot. Its spectrums follows.

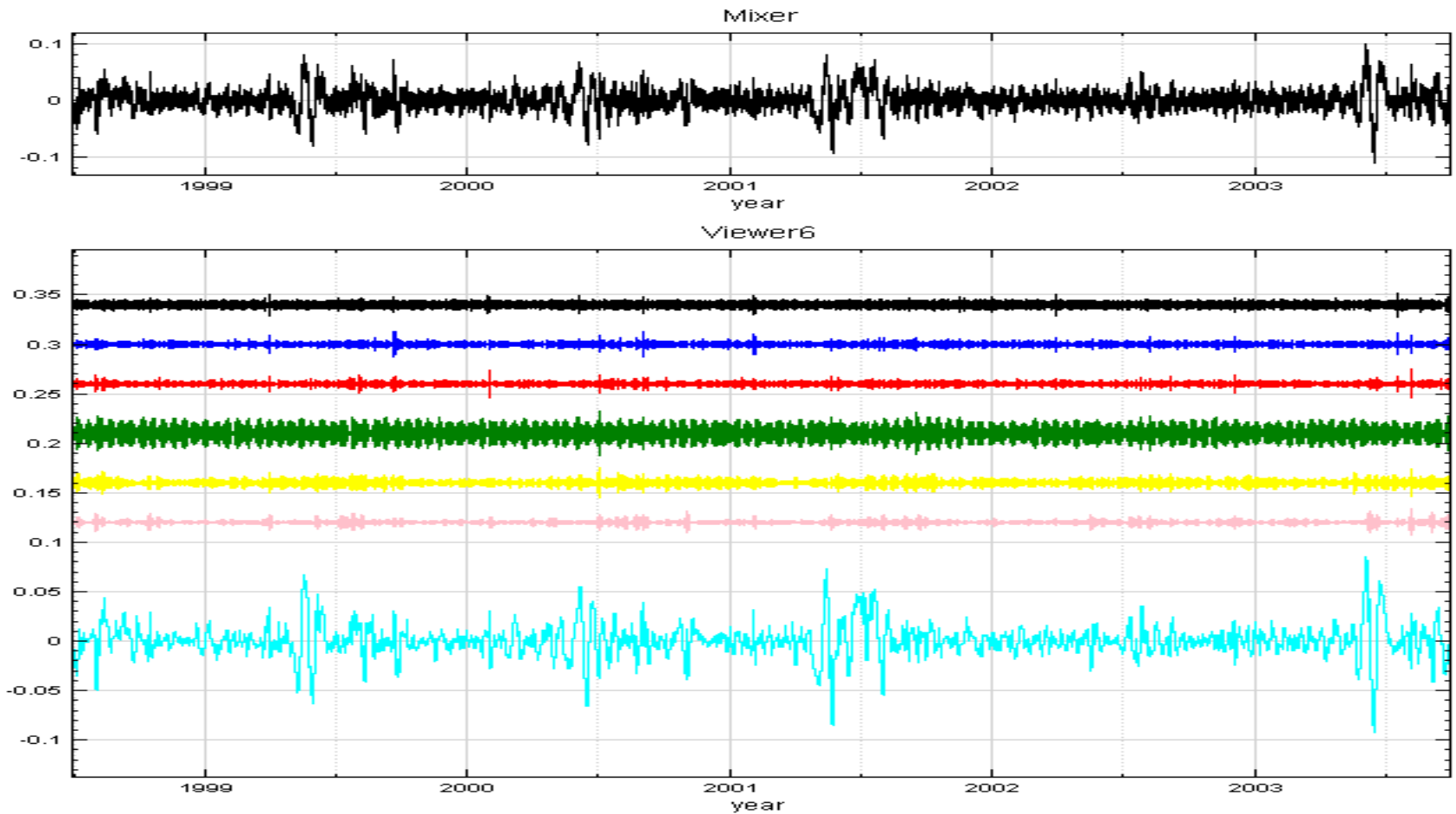
TF Plot of 吉洋人工湖(2)



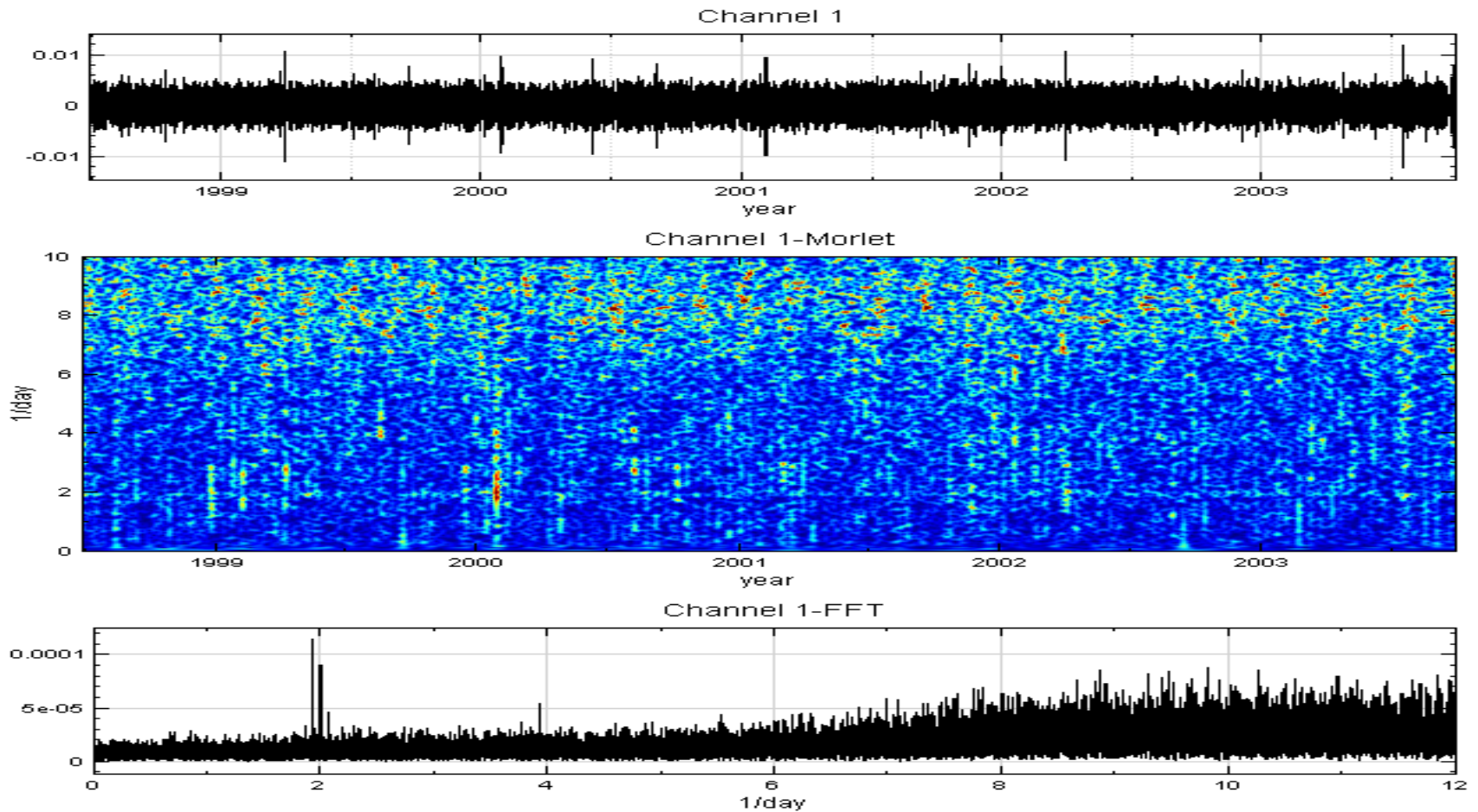
TF Plot



Empirical Mode Decomposition

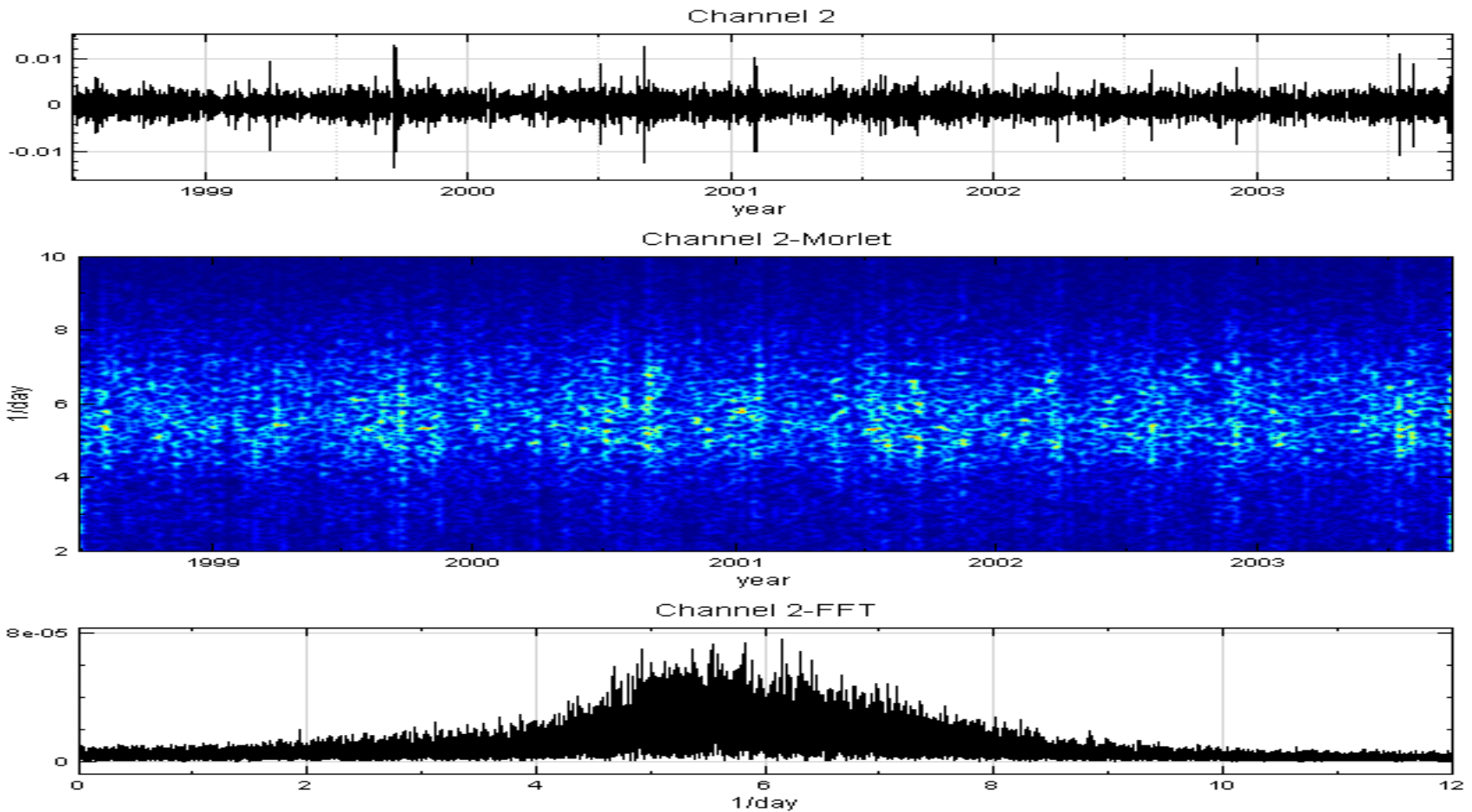


IMF1



The first IMF is mostly high frequency noise. Though semi-diurnal Frequency appears, its amplitude is small.

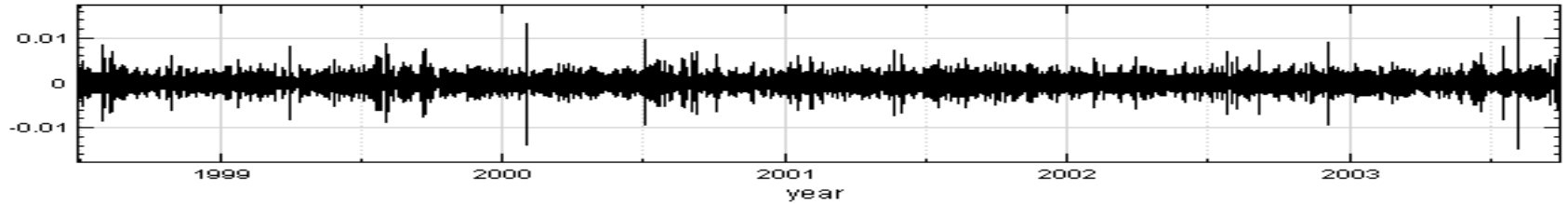
IMF2



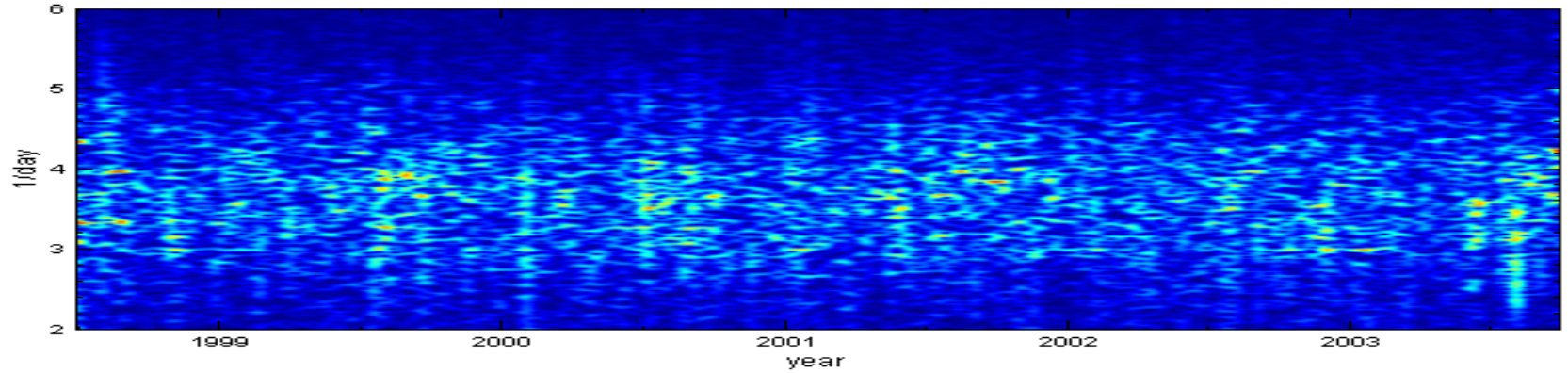
The component is relatively small compared to other IMFs.

IMF3

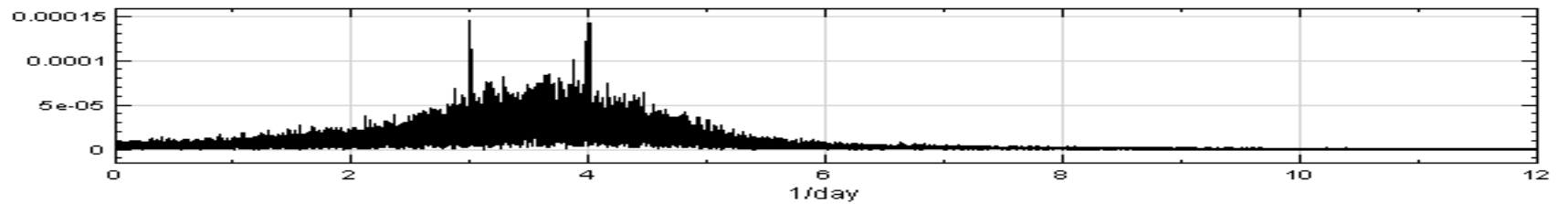
Channel 3



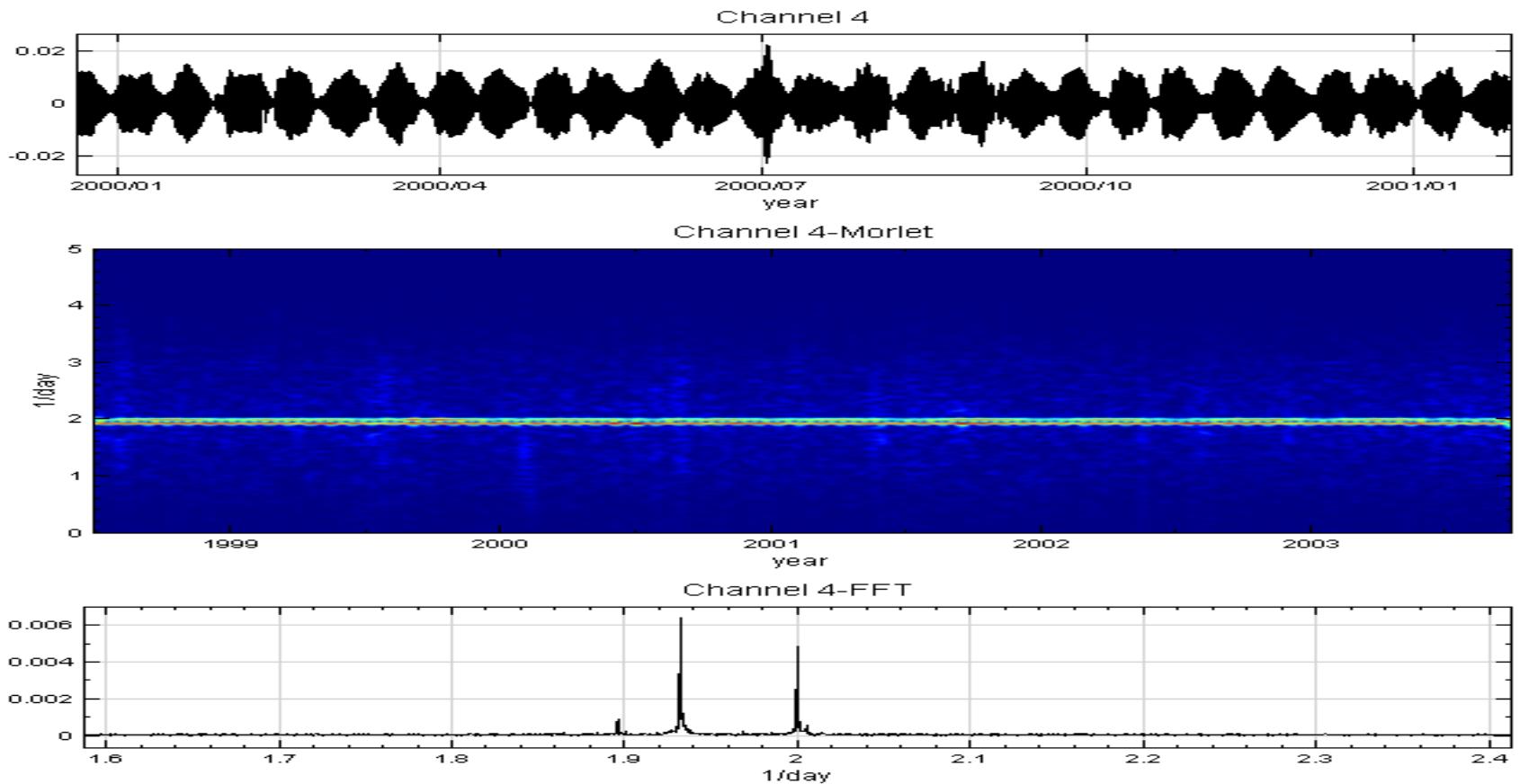
Channel 3-Morlet



Channel 3-FFT

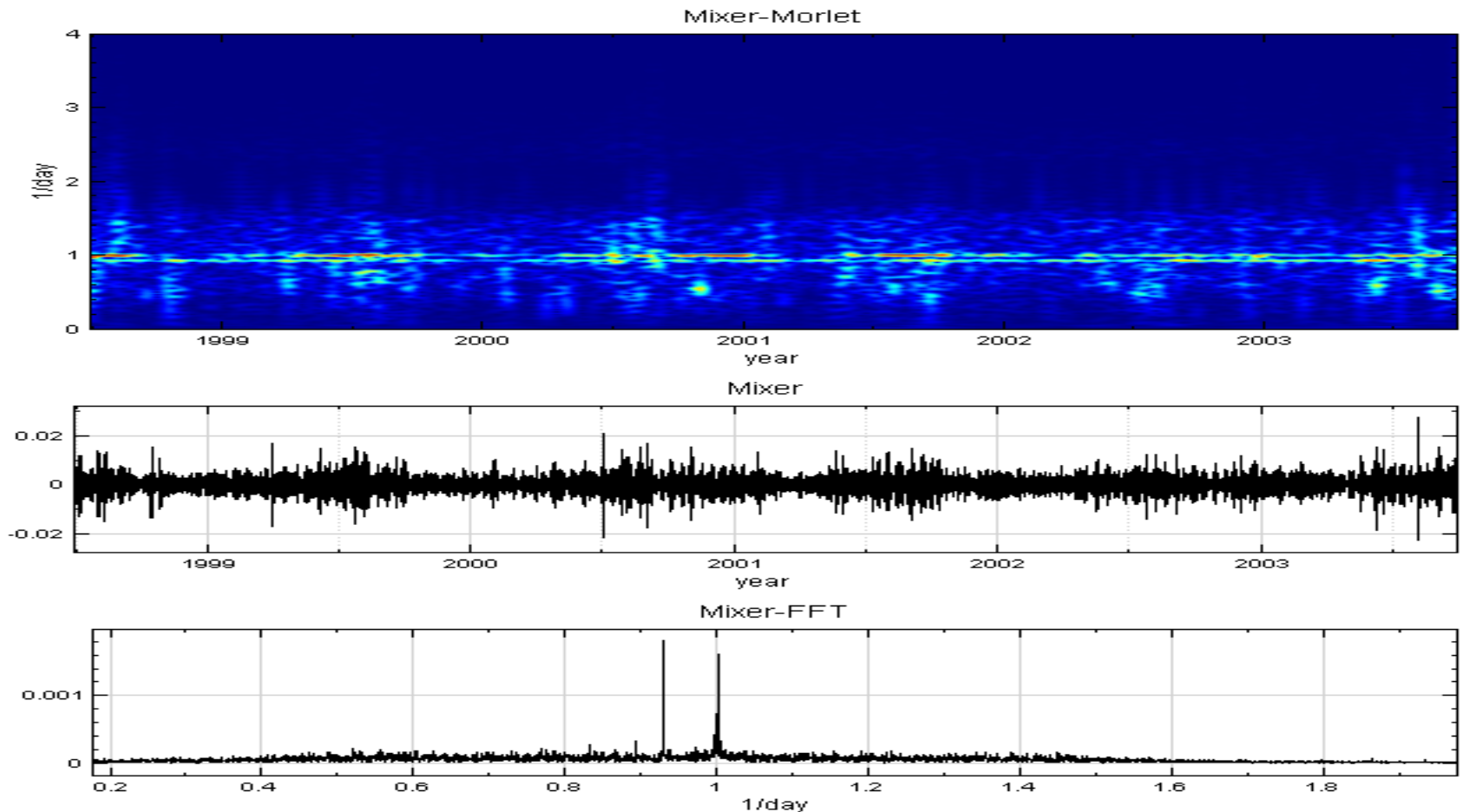


IMF4: Semi-diurnal tide



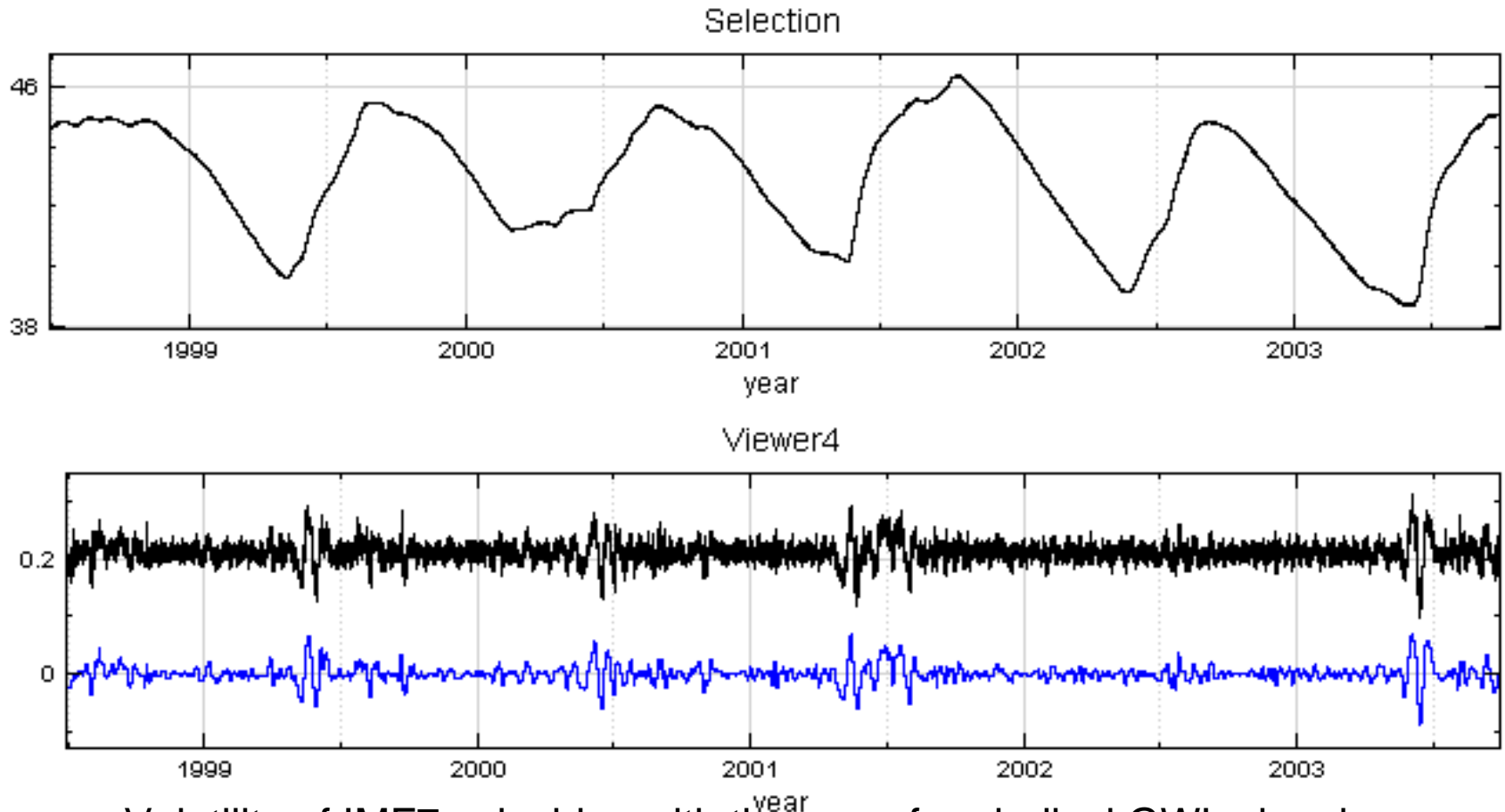
The frequency does not change seasonally. It appears nothing to do with precipitation. The centrifugal and centripetal forces from the Sun cause the semi-diurnal variation. Gravitational force from the Moon results in the monthly beat wave phenomena.

IMF5+IMF6: diurnal period



Note that in TF plot diurnal intensity varies with precipitation. It might suggest diurnal frequency is caused by precipitate injection to the reservoir.

IMF7: precipitation

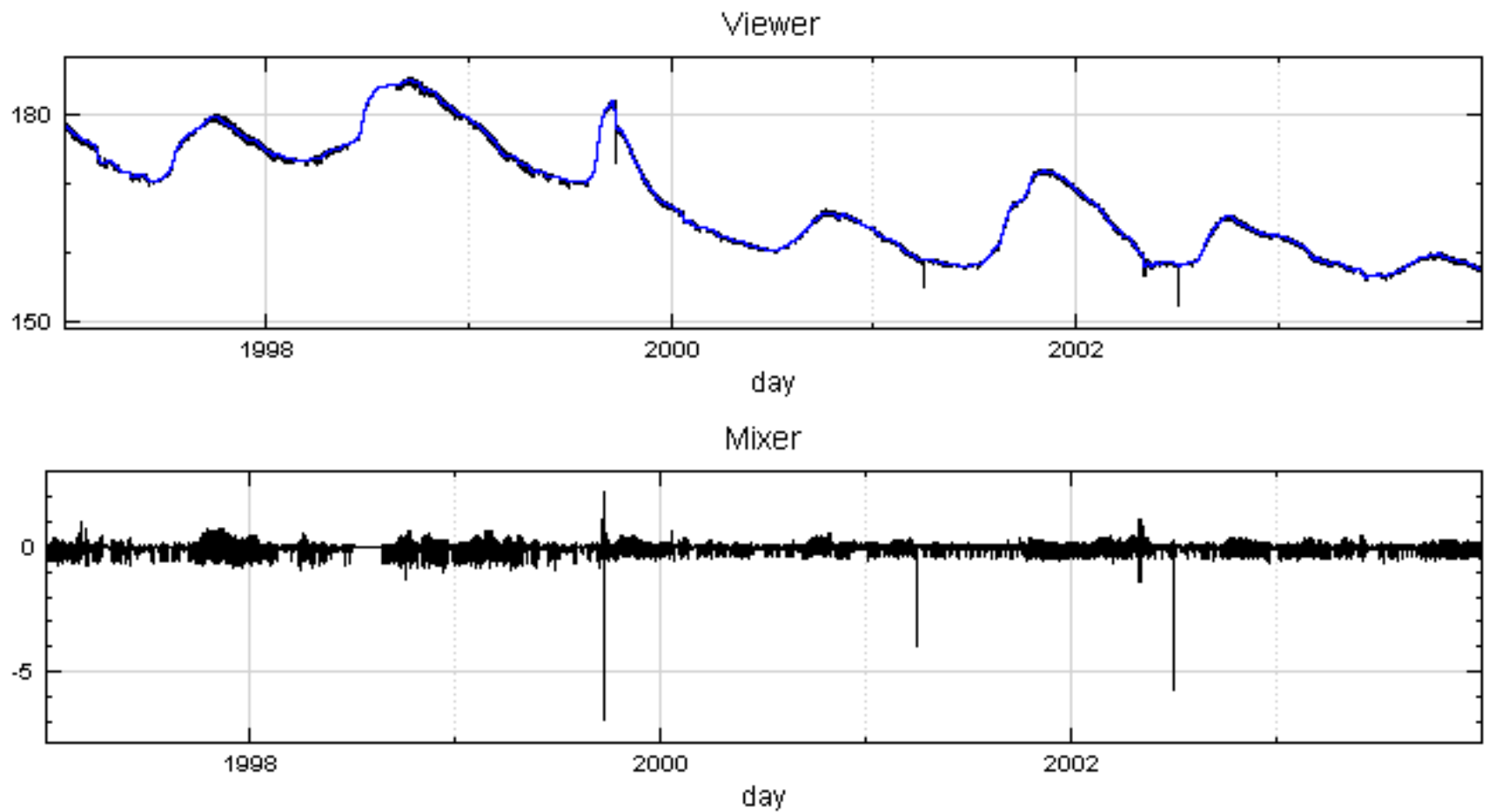


Volatility of IMF7 coincides with the one of periodical GWL signal. Increase of volatility correlates with the increase of GWL. This suggests IMF7 is related to precipitation which in this case is the major contribution to the raise of GWL.

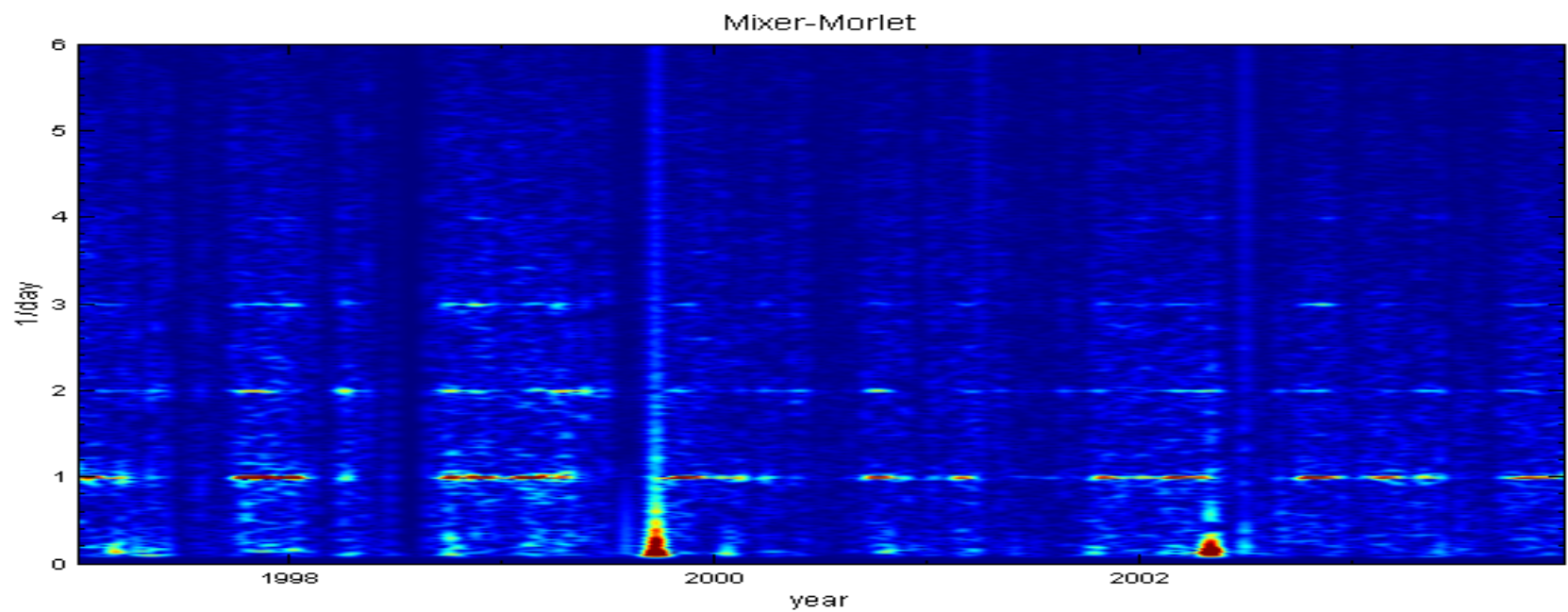
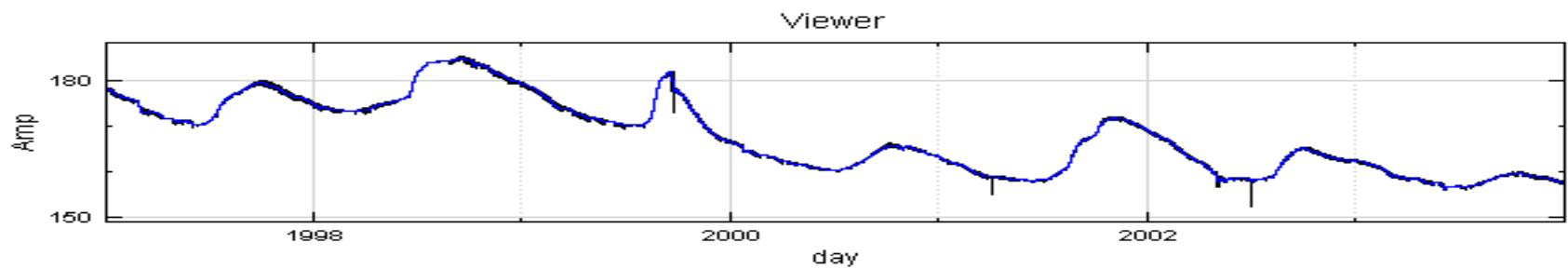


Precursor to Earthquake?

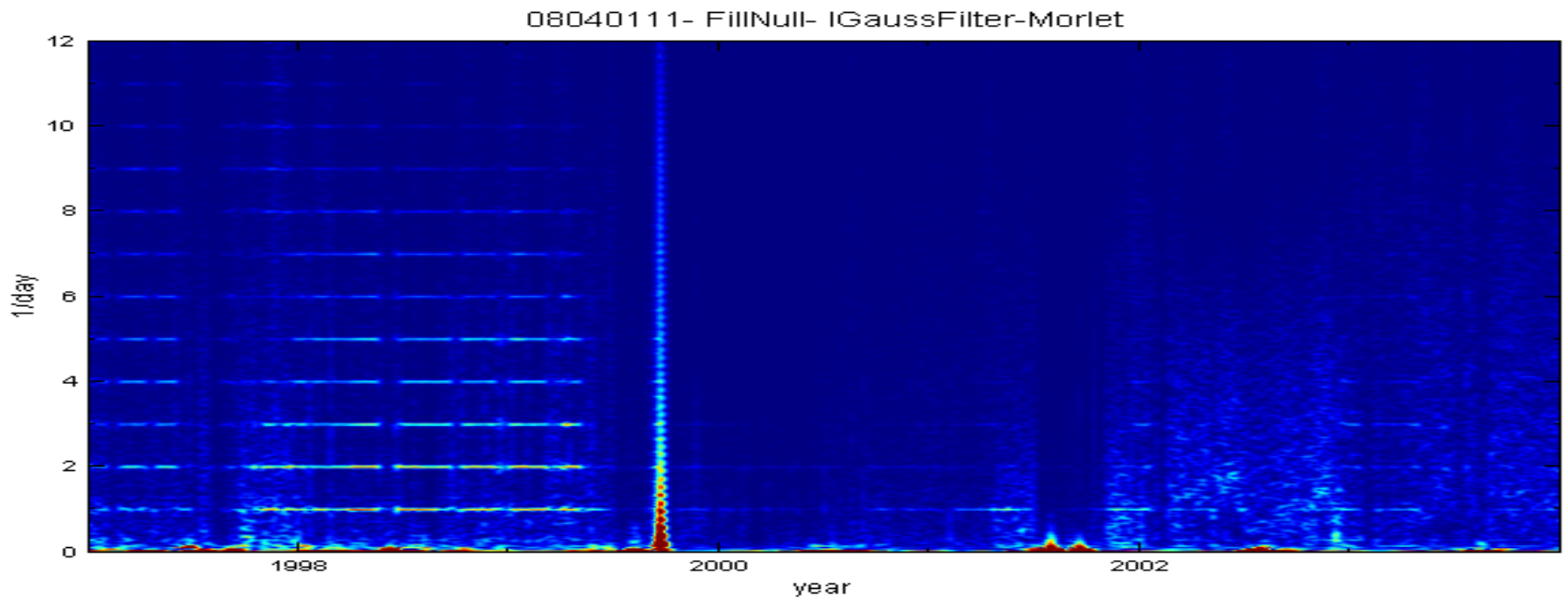
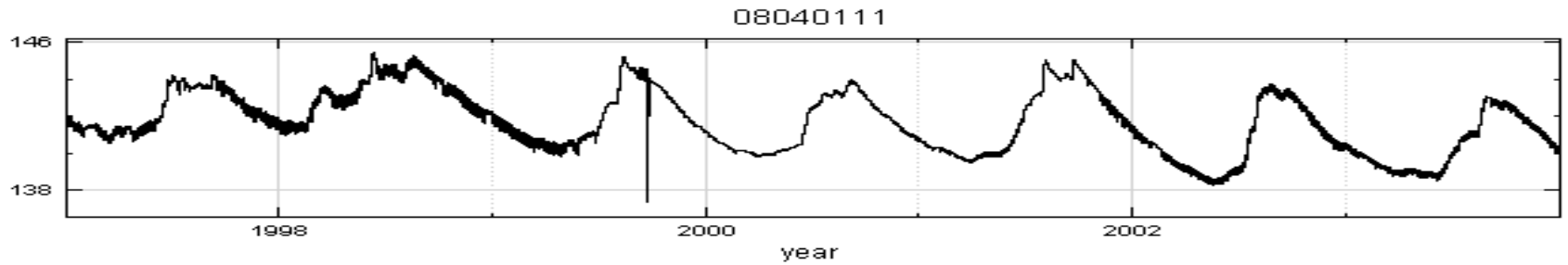
南投新光



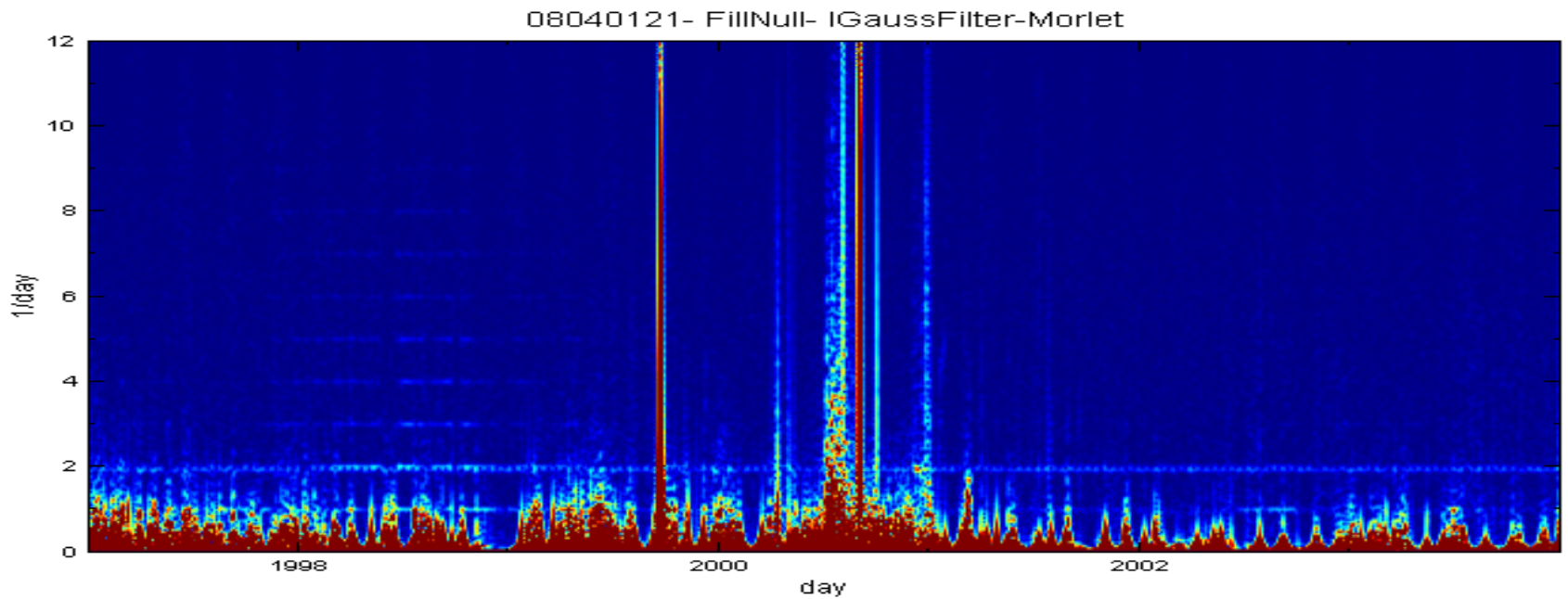
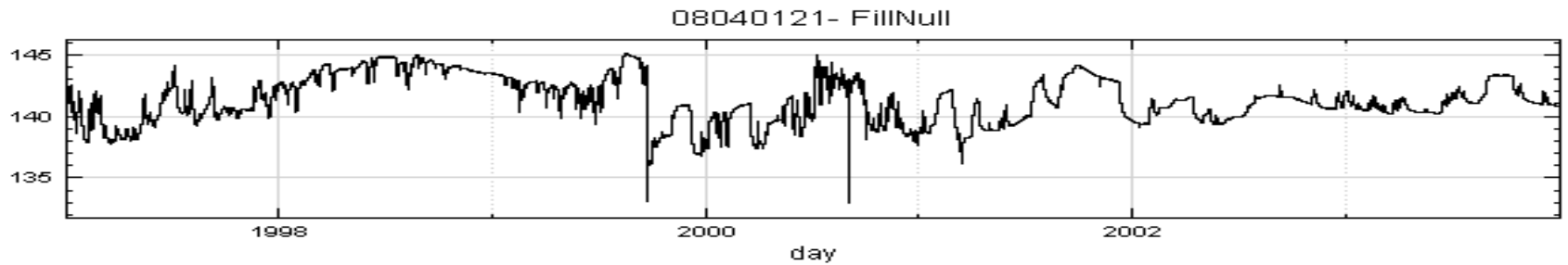
南投新光



南投竹山(1)



南投竹山(2)



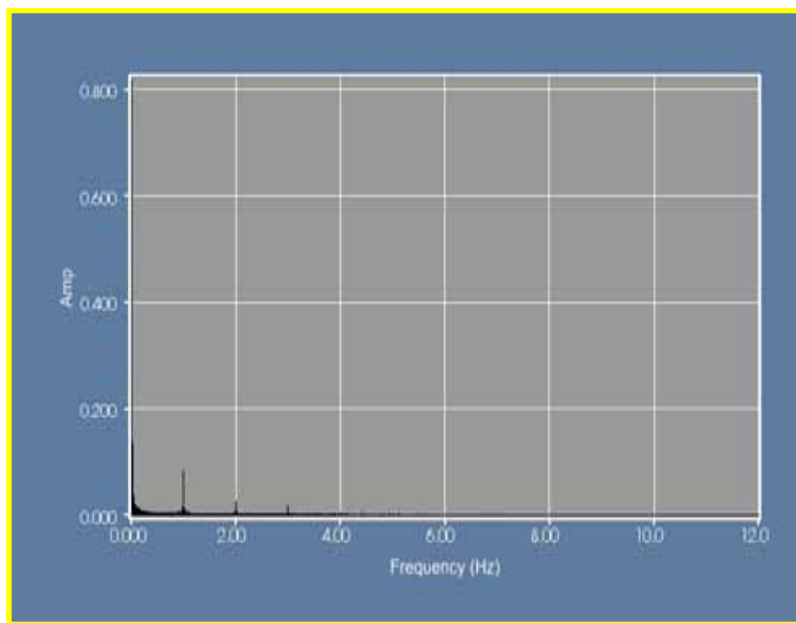
Summary

- Time-frequency analysis provides insightful information related to recharge, precipitation, earth tide, and event anomaly.
- In some cases, EMD can be used to separate earth tide. The strength of earth tide might serve as an indicator to the size of ground water reservoir.
- The abrupt rise of GWL without recharge nor daily pumping harmonics suggests abnormal water injection to reservoir. It is worthy of further investigation to see if it is a precursor to earthquake.
- All the analysis is done using Visual Signal of AnCAD. Information can be found via <http://www.ancad.com/VisualSignal/downloadform.php>.

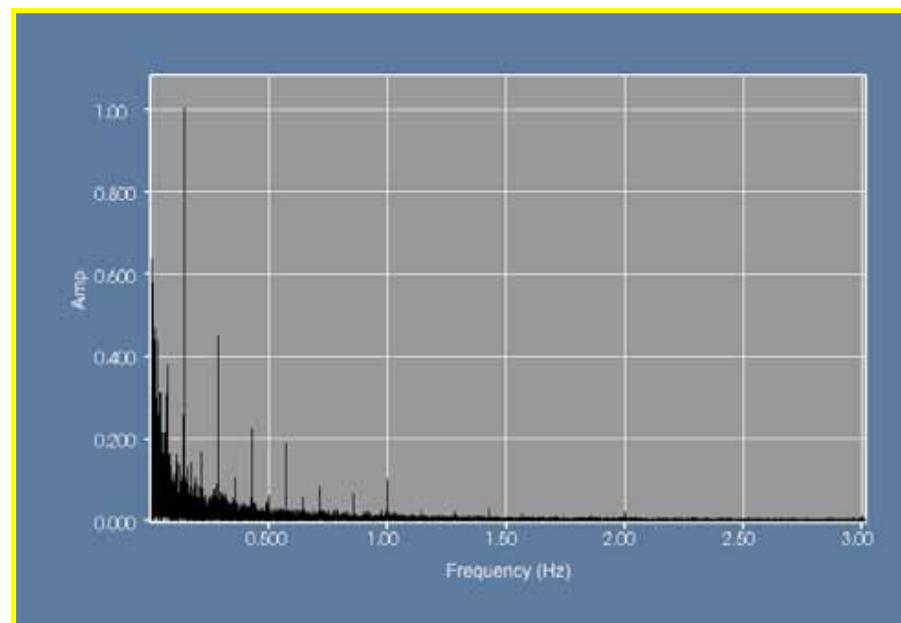


Thank You!!

頻譜分析

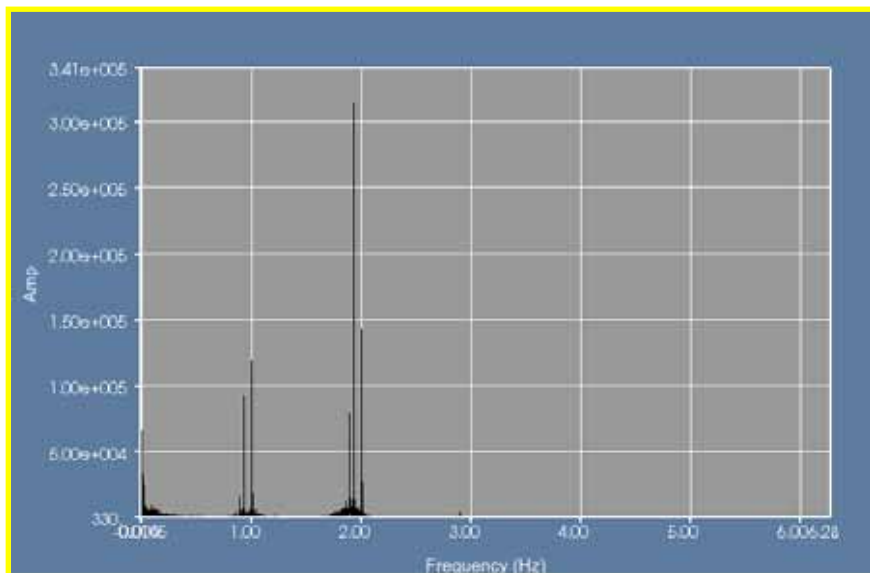


南投·新光

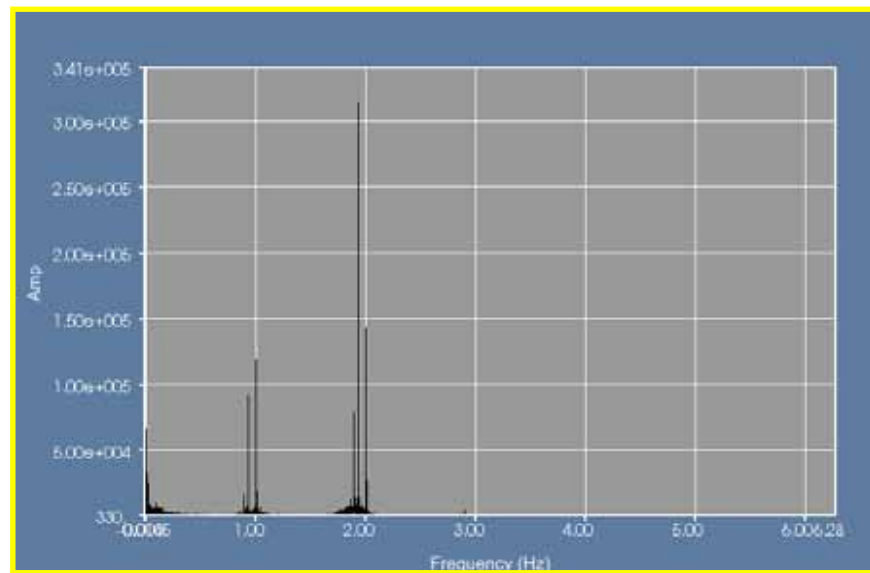


桃園·樹林

海潮(Tide Signal)與海水入侵

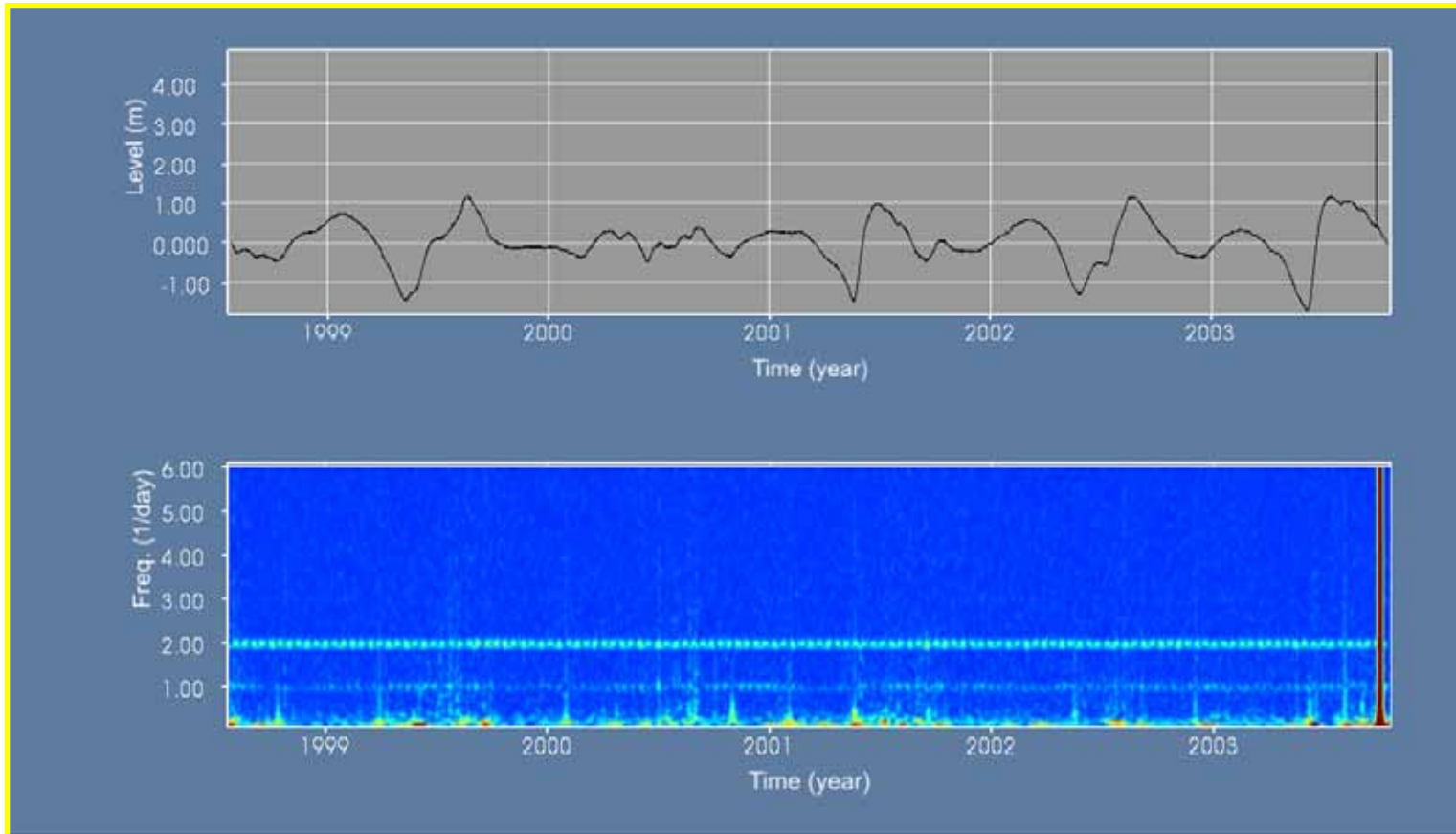


海潮(Tide Signal)



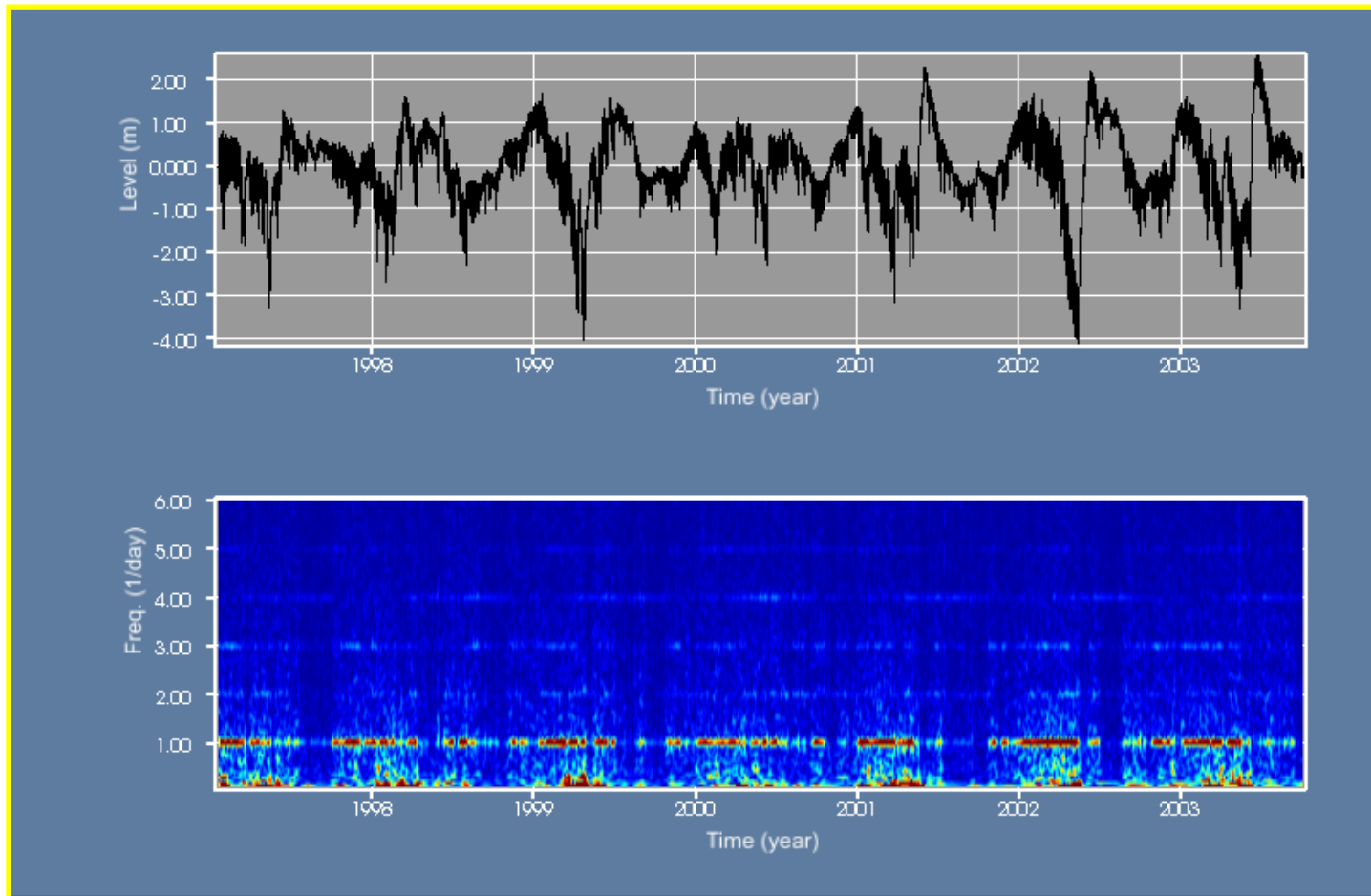
海水入侵 - 台南安平

時頻分析結果—地潮分析



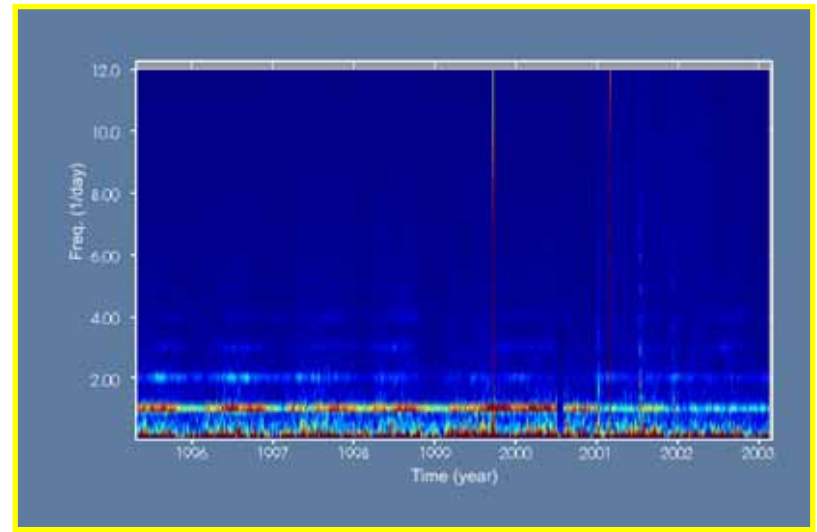
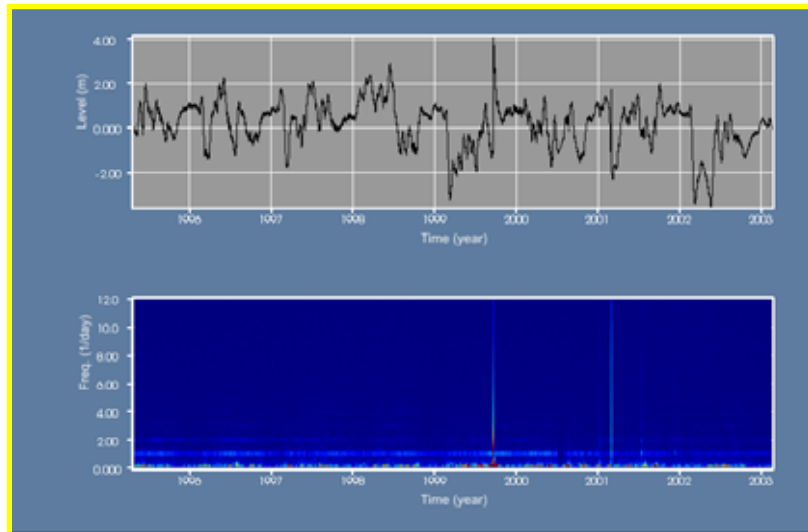
吉洋人工湖

時頻分析結果—雨季、旱季



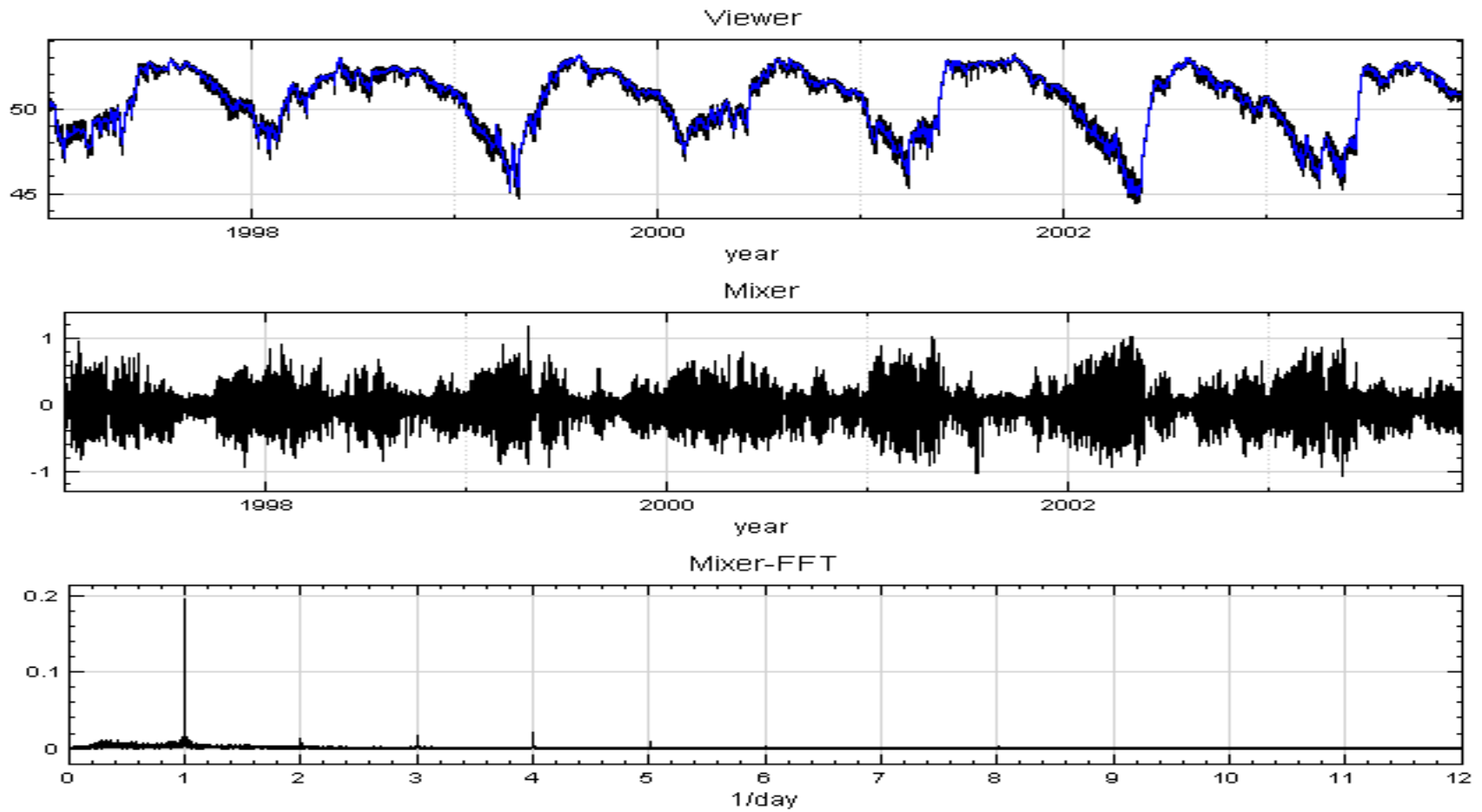
美濃

時頻分析結果—地震與資料補遺

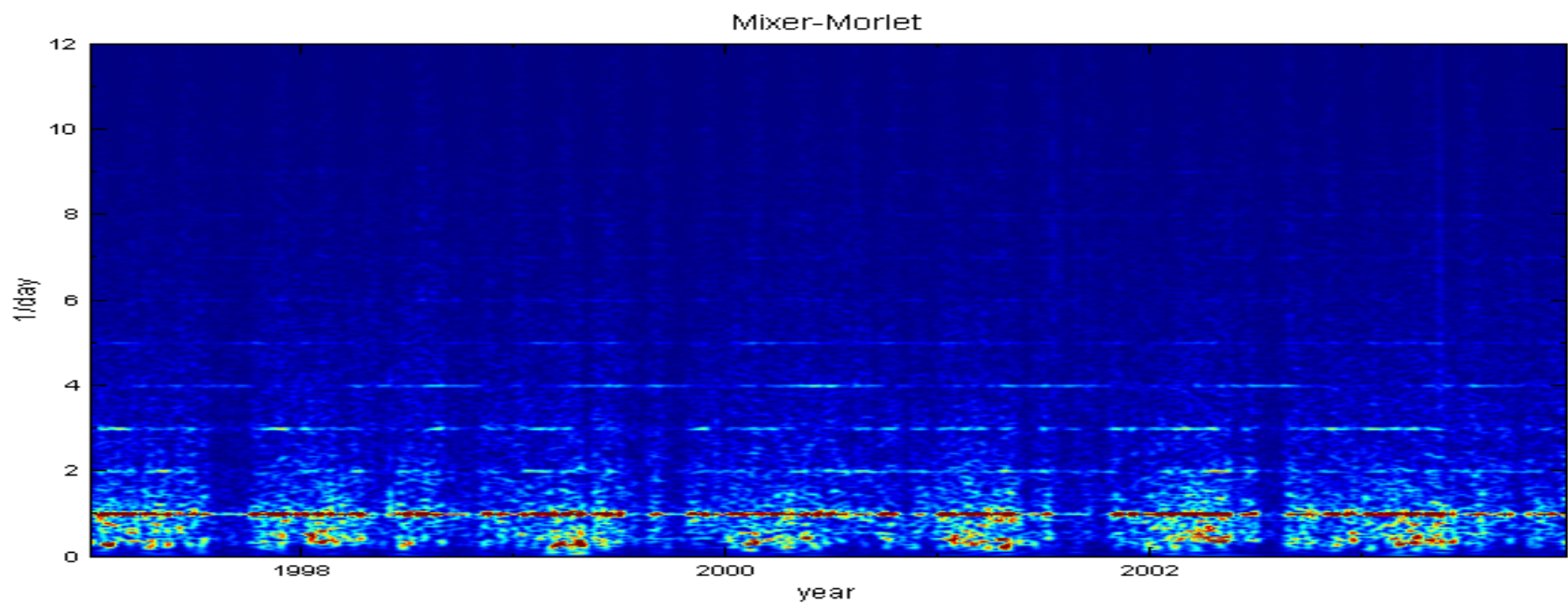
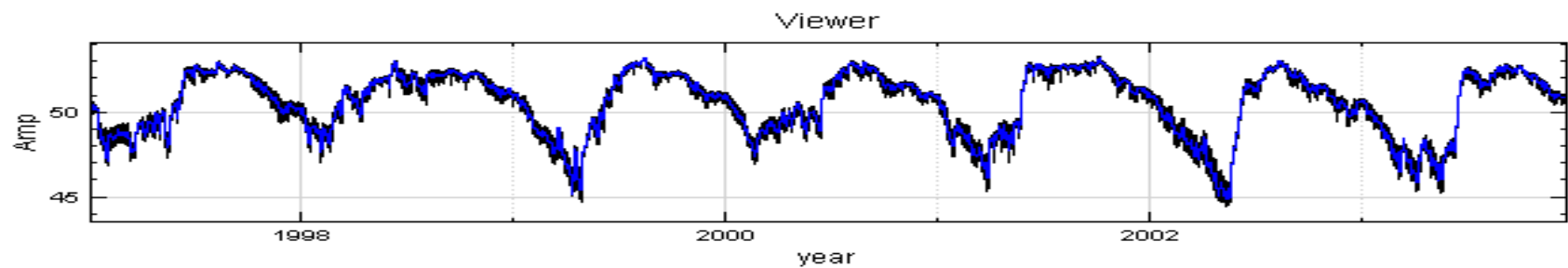


彰化·好修

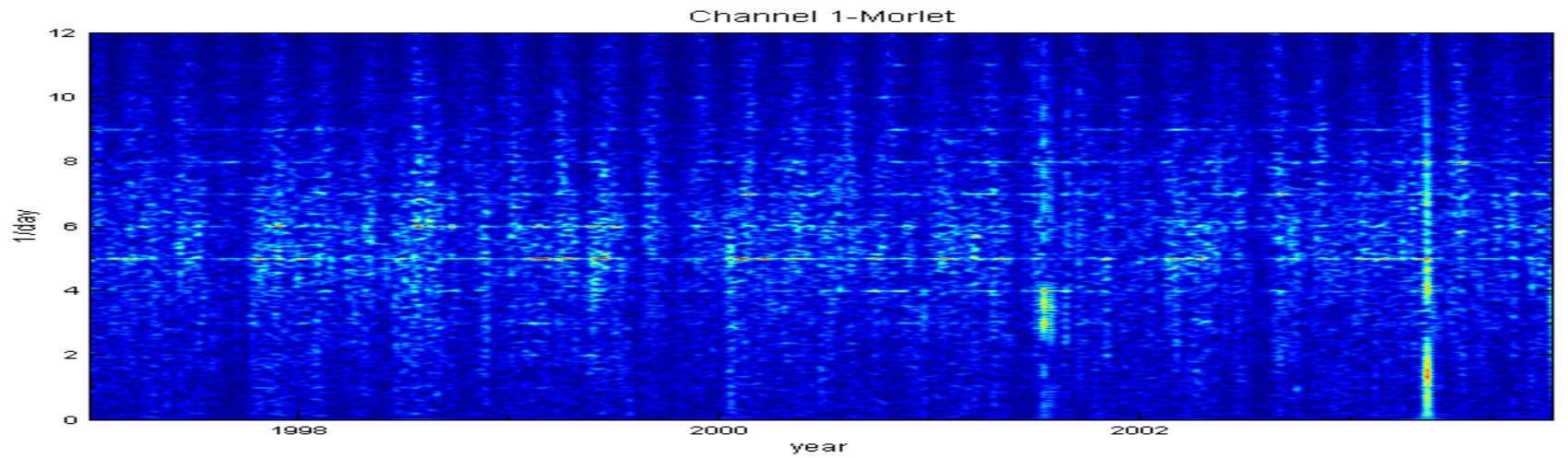
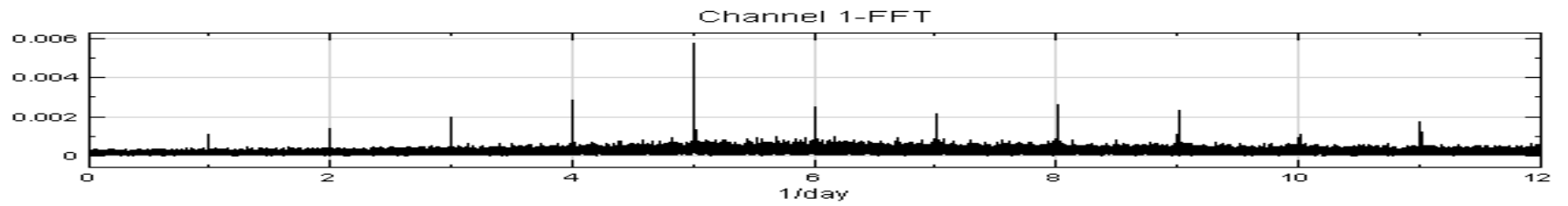
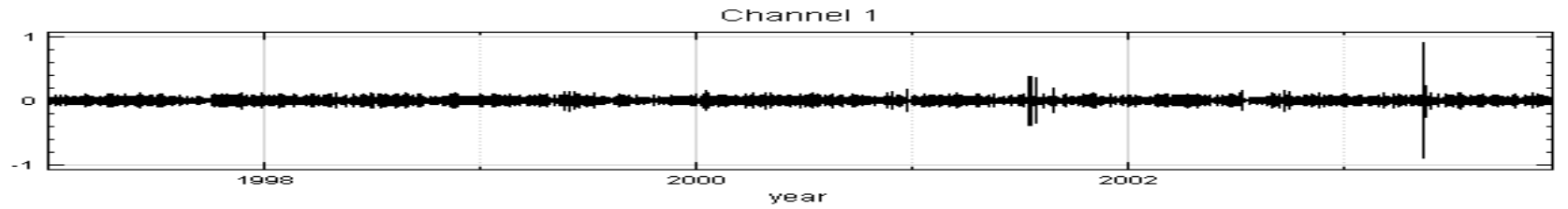
美濃(1)



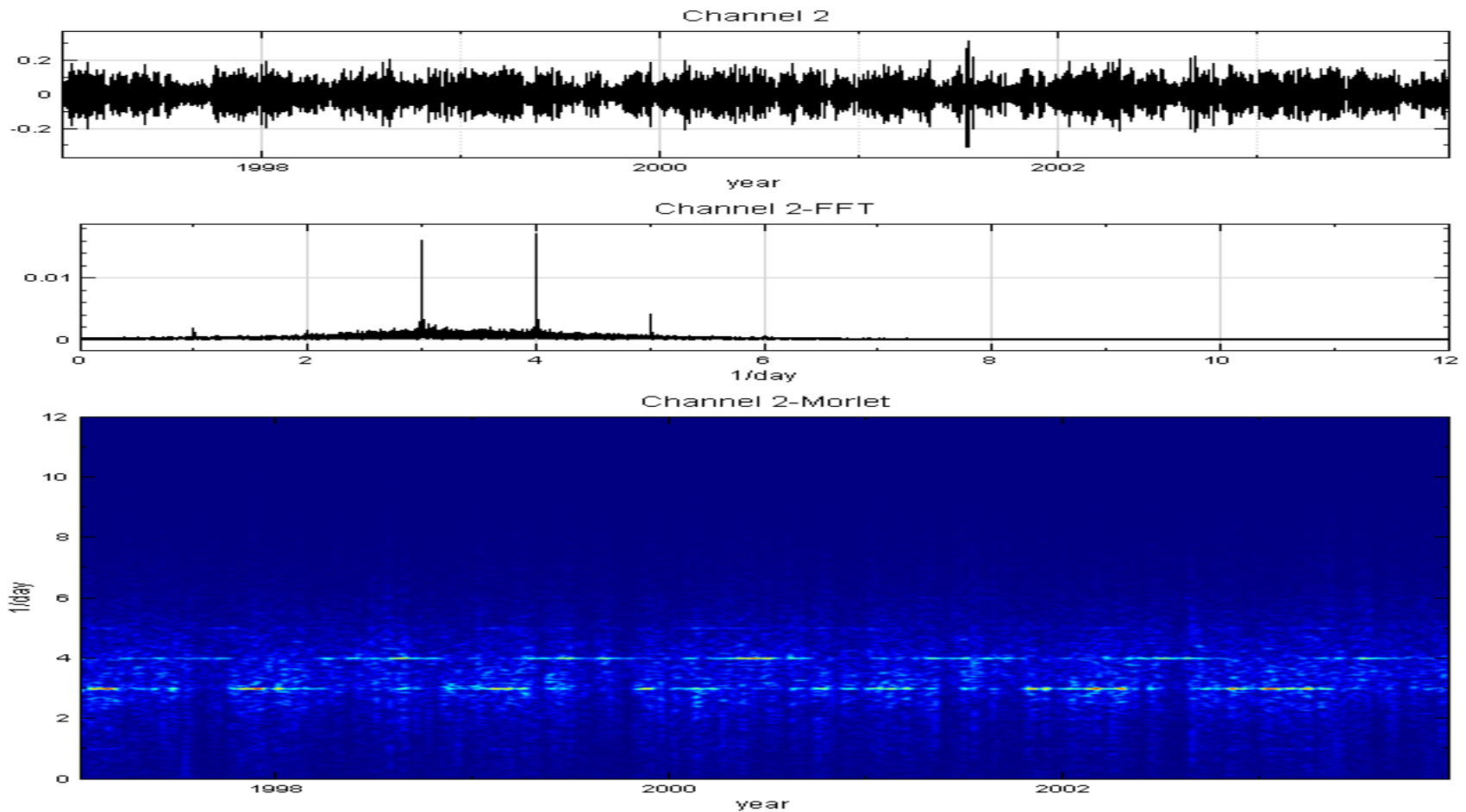
美濃(1)



IMF1

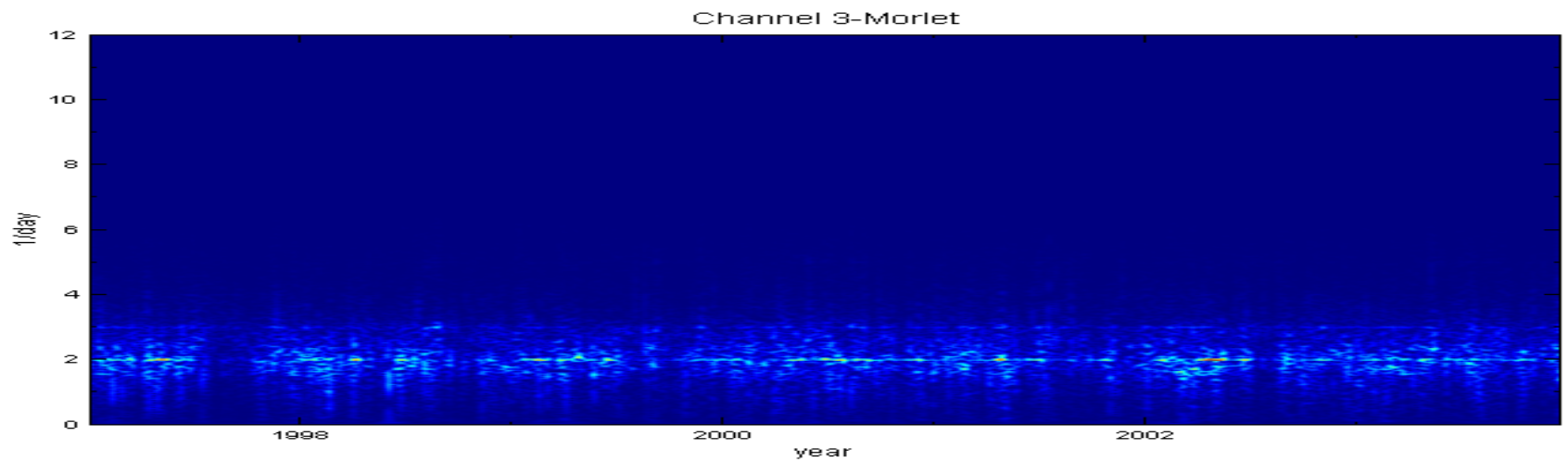
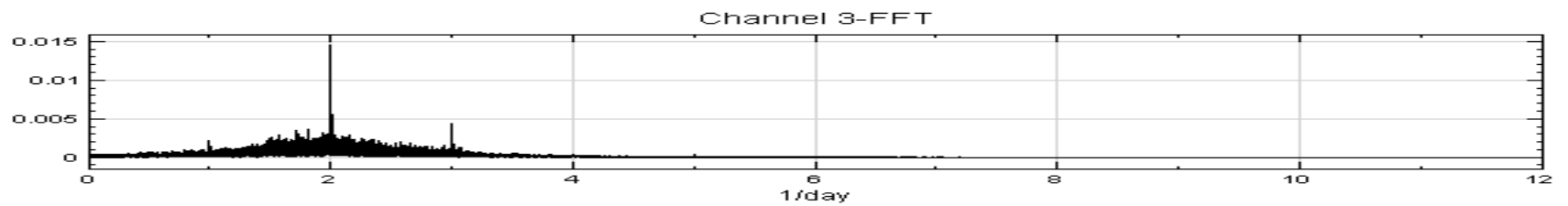
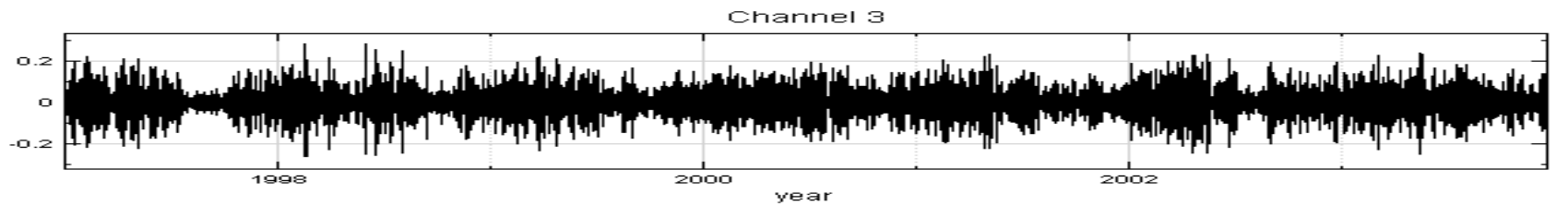


IMF2

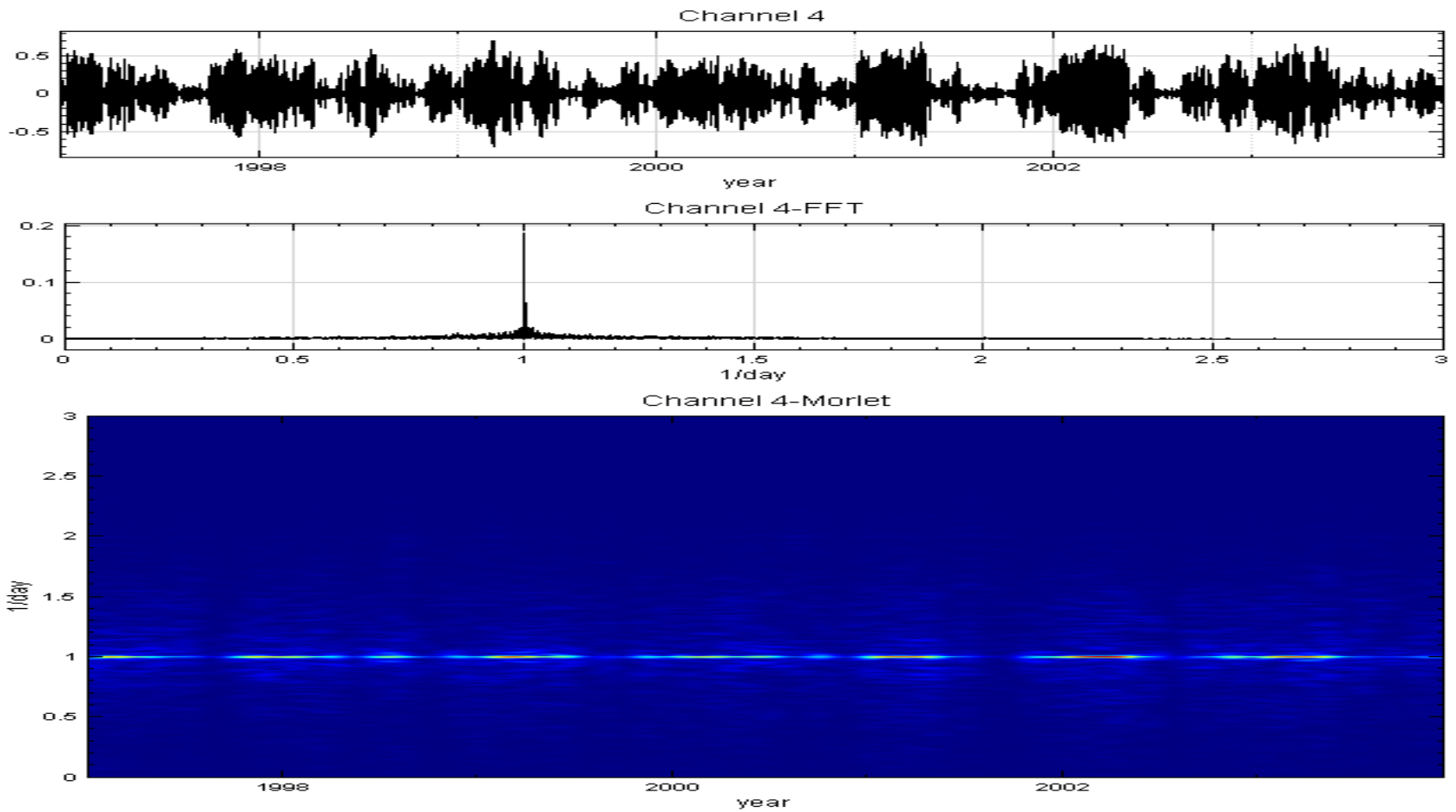


Frequency 3 (times a day) and 4 always come together in the same IMF. It is interesting to note that the intensities of these two frequency components comprise each other.

IMF3

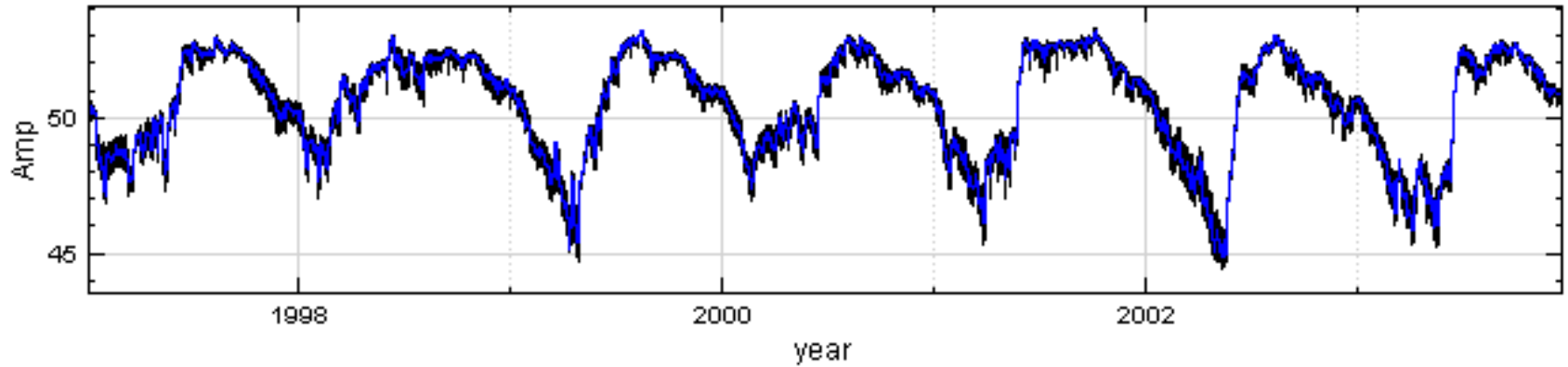


IMF4

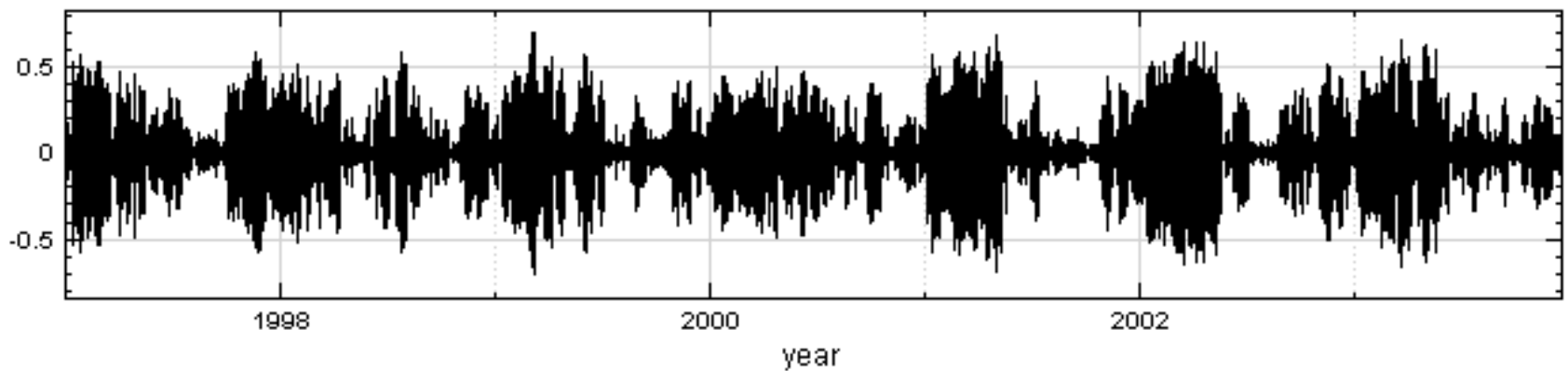


Precipitate Injection

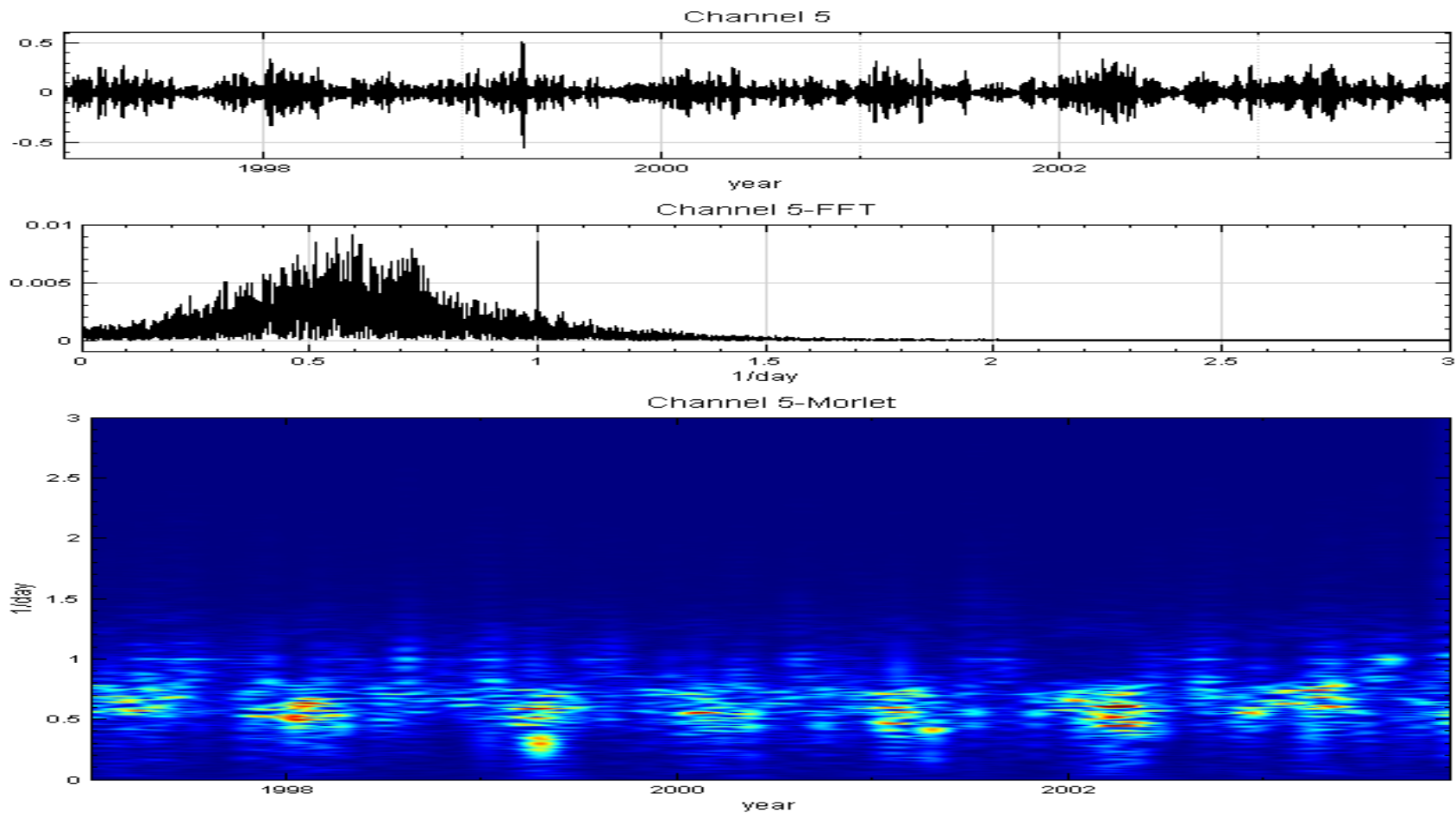
Viewer



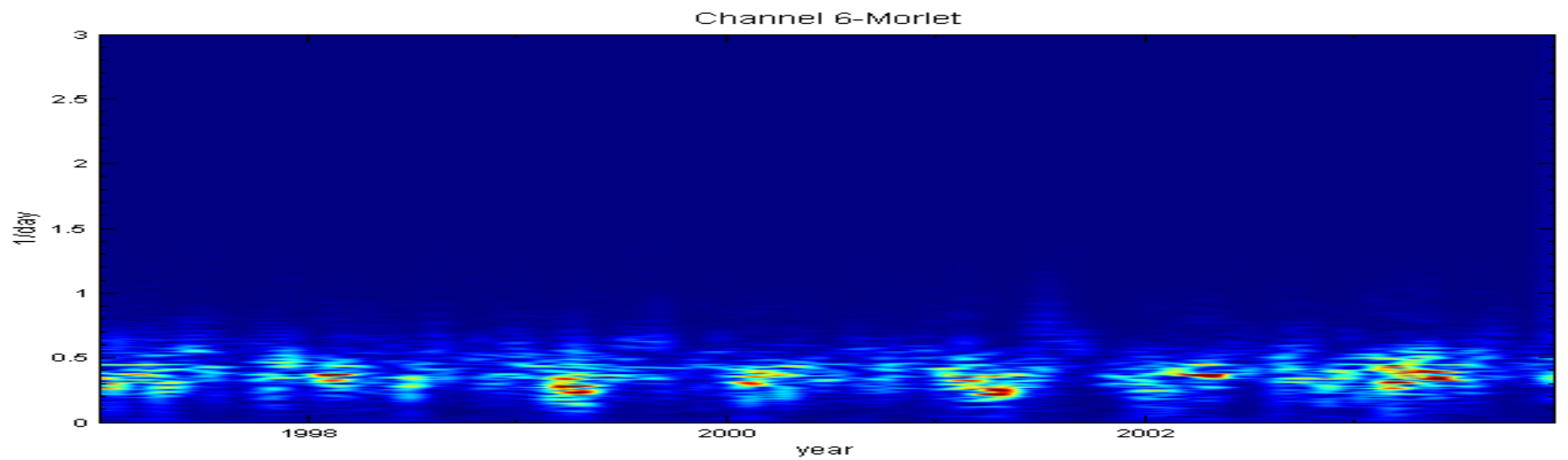
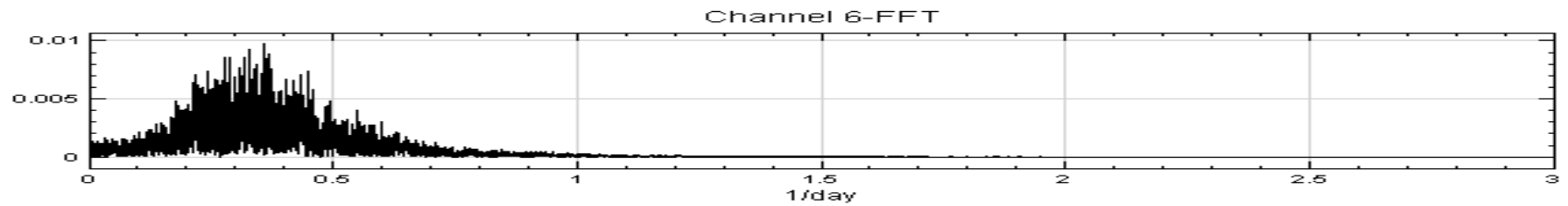
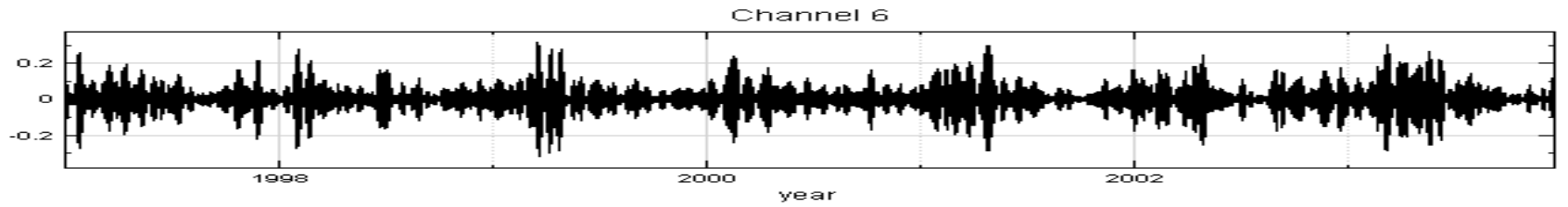
Channel 4



IMF5



IMF6





Thank You!!

Visual Signal

<http://www.ancad.com/VisualSignal/downloadform.php>